THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Historical Society
Vol. LXIII No. 28 J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1.50 per year in advance

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, JULY 8th, 1924.

DOXSEE & CO.

SUMMER

MILLINERY

A special showing of all the season's newest styles in Hats and shapes in every color for present wear.

HOSIERY

Ladies' Silk Stockings in Beige, Grey, Sand, Nude and Sunset, including Black and White, in all sizes.

CORSETS A SPECIALTY

The Leading Millinery House

H. J. GLEESON, M.B.
University of Toronto.

Office of late Dr. Grant, corner of East and Bridge streets.

Office hours 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m. Phone 123.

INSURANCE

For Fire Insurance try ALFRED McCUTCHEON, Roblin.

A number of companies to choose from.

Office: Residence, Roblin, Main Street. 27-tf

LOOK! LOOK!!

JULY 5th to JULY 15th

We will offer any pair White Canvas Fleet Foot for $1.00 a pair, sizes 1 to 9, men, boys, women.

Men's Solid Leather Work Boots, sale price $2.90 a pair.

Two good Work Shirts $1.75.

$15.00 Ready-to-Wear Suits $12.95.

Call and see these goods, try them on before going to the expense of sending a money order to Toronto. You need the goods, we need the money.

W.W. ADAMS
Merchant Tailor
Newburgh, - Ont.

COAL!

We have on hand at Reduced Prices a supply of fresh mined Anthracite Coal.

Furnace Coal $13.50 ton

Chas. Stevens Co., Limited 19-tf

Brick

Special Prices to clear out the yard.

W. H. J. HAINES
TAMWORTH, - ONTARIO
24-tf

Build Dollar by Dollar

DON'T neglect to open a savings account because you may have no large amount of money to deposit. The Dominion Bank will accept deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

Open an account now and add small amounts regularly. You will be surprised to see how rapidly your savings will grow.

THE DOMINION BANK
NAPANEE BRANCH,
G. PATTON CARR, Manager.

Profit on Hogs

AS a Bank closely associated with Canada's productive industries, we encourage progressive enterprise in farmers. If you seek to increase your profits through greater hog production, consult the financing of your project with our local Manager.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

Napanee Branch, R. R. White, Manager.
Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Deseronto, Newburgh, Picton, Trenton and Kingston.

FOR SALE—Deering Mower and Horse Rake. Apply to W. E. VINE. 32

MAID WANTED—Wanted a good general maid for the beginning of August. Must be able to take charge of cooking. Good wages. Apply Box 251, Napanee. 32tf

HOUSE TO RENT—All modern improvements. Immediate possession. Apply Box 236, Napanee.

FOR SALE—Quantity of Cull pine lumber, suitable for sheds or sheathing. Bargain prices. M. R. MIDMER, Millhaven.

LOST—Between Standard Bank and West street, a sum of money. Will finder return the same to THIS OFFICE. 29

HOTEL FOR SALE—Known as he Bay View Hotel, Bath. Apply to N. RIKLEY, owner, Bath.

WANTED—At once, Alsike seed in quantities. Highest market price paid. Bring in a sample. GEO. E. WINTER, Dundas St.

FOR SALE—One iron baby crib, one baby walker, one baby carriage, one Singer sewing machine. Apply to M. MAKER. 26

FOR SALE—An old barn on the Napanee Golf Course, also a quantity of standing grass. Apply T. B. German, Secretary Golf Club. 30

FOR SALE—One of the most desirable properties in town, all modern conveniences and excellent location. Opposite Harvey Warner Park. Apply to C. W. BOWEN. 27-tf

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 6-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Residence and two lots on Dundas street. Ten acres and building with sixty horse power boiler, engine and shafting on West street. MRS. MIDMER, Millhaven.

½ TON FORD TRUCK FOR SALE 1917, a sacrifice. Have you heard about the new Peerless Hand Milker. Ask your neighbor. Frost & Wood Machine and Cockshutt Plows. Slated Roofing. Sold by SPENCER & SON.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—House, two barns and 9 acres of land; one acre raspberries. Furnace and electric lights in house, good well and cistern, William street. Columbia Berry Sets, $2.00 per 100 A. R. CLARK, at Wales' Store, or Box 569, Napanee.

HARDWOOD - FLOORING!

Seaman-Kent Hardwood Flooring—Floors Re-surfaced and Finished.

ARTHUR A. SILLS, Coleman Street, BELLEVILLE

FOR SALE!

Mahogany bedroom suite, Ivory bedroom suite, 2 Axminster rugs, Antique mahogany floor lamp and shade, oak bedroom table, 2 Grastex rugs, springs, mattresses, veranda screens, kitchen chairs, kitchen cabinet, etc.

NORMAN E. ROOT,
Cor. Thomas and Centre Sts.
NAPANEE, ONT.

Coal oil stoves and ovens at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

TOWN COUNCIL

Council Chamber,
July 7th, 1924.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor A. MacGregor presiding.

Present—Reeve Graham and Councillors Burgess, Simpson, Jewell, Huffman, Burgess, Paul.

The minutes of the last regular and subsequent sessions were read and confirmed.

The ladies of the L.O.B.A. asked permission to sell a few tags on July 12th for the benefit of the True Blue Orphanage.

Request granted.

A communication was read from the Highways Department, Toronto, in reference to the meeting of an Advisory Committee in connection with highway work. A meeting to discuss questions in reference to this work will be held in Belleville on July 18th, and Reeve Graham will be the town's representative.

A communication was read from Walter Higgs, on behalf of the County Loyal Orange Lodge, asking permission to have the use of the streets for marching purposes on July 12th, also that they be allowed to erect refreshment booths on the streets.

Referred to Street Committee with power to act.

Coun. Burgess, Chairman of Finance Committee presented a detailed report of the receipts and expenditures of the town for the six months ending June 30th.

Moved by Coun. Simpson, seconded by Coun. Burgess, that the County Council be notified of the fact that any infringement of the law concerning the destroying of town streets by their tractors, that they will be held liable and will be open for prosecution. This also applies to any other party or parties driving tractors over the town streets. Carried.

The Fire, Water and Light Committee reported that they had given instruction for the placing of lights at the corner of Robinson and Graham streets, Isabella and Robert streets, G. N. R. crossing north of Vine's Corners.

A by-law in reference to the erection of fire escapes on all buildings used for public gatherings, over two storeys high, was introduced, given its several readings and finally passed. Plans of all proposed fire escapes to be erected must be submitted to the Town Property Committee of the Council. This by-law comes into effect one month after its final passing.

[illegible] Coun. Burgess, that the Clerk write Mr. F. P. Miller that the sewer connection to his property, now occupied by Mr. Webster, is in need of repair, which will necessitate the cutting up of the pavement, and the cost of same will have to be borne by him, and the corporation will not undertake the work unless he agrees to the same. Carried.

The Fire, Water and Light Committee were given power to purchase a new 12-foot ladder for the use of the fire department, the firemen having broken their ladder at a recent fire.

Moved by Coun. Simpson, seconded by Coun. Huffman, that the Streets Committee bring in a report as to new walks needed in town, and especially the walks on the east side of John street, between Thomas and Graham streets, and north from Isabella street to the C.N.R. station. Carried.

On motion notices will be posted at the bathing grounds warning the children that disrobing or defacing the buildings will receive strict attention.

Moved by Reeve Graham, seconded by Coun. Simpson, that the town's cement mixer be repaired and put in workable shape, and that Mr. Fred Perry be billed with the costs of same, as it had been returned to the town by him in its present dilapidated condition, after Mr. Perry having used it. Carried.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

Mr. Drake	8	4 16
Collector's Guarantee Bond		$24 00
Boyle & Son		2 20
Boyle & Son		20
J. L. Boyes		2 45
E. B. Miller		11 00
Thompson Bros.		19
Frank Kinkley		2 00
H. W. Kelly		10 13
Napanee Iron Works		45 36
Hohl, Light Co.		671 59
J. M. Graham		10 00
A. W. Robertson, Ltd.		119 99
Boyle & Son		2 00
Boyle & Son		109 97
Davy & Allison		15 50
Mrs. E. Duncan		10 00

The following accounts were referred to committees with power to act: Boyle & Son, $7.50 and $4.35, Finance Committee; E. O. Ungar, $7.25, Streets; Bell Telephone accounts referred to Town Clerk.

Council adjourned.

FOR SALE

Small quantity ROUGH HARDWOOD LUMBER.

also

Boxes of BLOCKS suitable for kitchen stove—$1 a box.

Orders delivered for 2 boxes only.

Gibbard Furniture Shops Limited.

See W. E. VINE.

Blaud's Improved Iron Pills, 2 oz. box for 25c. Splendid for the blood and nerves. For sale at WALLACE'S.

THE CHAUTAUQUA

Apart from the programme arranged by the Historical Society, and perhaps one or two other occasions, the Town of Napanee and district has no opportunity of hearing speakers of world topics of interest to every wide awake citizen. And the same holds true in respect to music. The artists who are sought after by the musical public cannot afford to visit under ordinary circumstances, the smaller towns of the Province.

It is to remedy this deficiency that the Chautauqua exists. It seeks to bring into the smaller towns music and literary talent, which under no other circumstances, is available. And the history of the programmes which these organizations have given in Napanee in the past, is testimony to the worthiness of the venture. For five days the people of the district are enabled to hear masters in the realm of music, literature and dramatics.

The programme is a well rounded out one, ministering to all tastes. There is humor, literary skill, elocution, singing and instrumental music, besides a juvenile play. And the complete organization with its continuous circuit enables the authorities to give this to the public at the absurdly low fee of two dollars and a half for the whole five days' programme.

The Chautauqua is backed by a strong committee of local citizens who desire that as many as possible avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded of hearing and enjoying some of the best artists in their various lines that are available. It is hoped that the whole county will appreciate the efforts of the committee and will co-operate with the members of it in an endeavor to make the whole series a success.

The dates are July 31st to August 4th, inclusive.

A. MacGREGOR,
Chairman of Committee.

Don't ruin your floors with cheap floor wax. The standard by which all are judged is Johnson's. Agents, WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

MARRIED FIFTY YEARS; COUPLE WERE HONORED

[illegible] administered by the Rev. Fleming, on Thursday, June 26th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Ontario, near Bath, [illegible] a unique social event on Tuesday evening, June 17th, when between seventy-five and one hundred of their friends burst in upon them, the cause of it all being to do honor to them on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage (their golden wedding). The whole affair was the work of their adopted daughter, Mrs. George Smith, Kingston, and so completely did she accomplish her task, that it was one great surprise to the happy couple. During the evening, Rev. Mr. Hoffman gave a short address in which he dwelt upon the good qualities of Mr. and Mrs. Fleming, after which they were called forward and presented with a gold brooch and safety razor, from the nearest relatives, also a five dollar gold piece from Mrs. Kilpatrick family, Amherst Island.

Mr. Fleming, although taken by surprise, responded in a pleasant manner. During the evening, Miss M. Lee, Kingston, gave one of her humorous recitations in which he dwelt upon the good qualities of Mr. and Mrs. Fleming, after which they were called forward and presented with a gold brooch and safety razor, from the nearest relatives, also a five dollar gold piece from Mrs. Kilpatrick family, Amherst Island. There are many other friends than those present on Tuesday evening, who will join in wishing Mr. and Mrs. Fleming many more years of happiness.

One of the best spring tonics and blood purifiers we know of is Burdock and Sarsaparilla with Potassium Iodide. Everyone needs just such a treatment after the winter. Sold in $1.00 bottles at WALLACE'S.

CAMDEN EAST.

Strawberries are selling at 10c a box and promise to be cheaper, as they are very plentiful.

The remains of the late G. Bowman Brockville, were brought here on Friday last. The funeral service was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Spencer, after which the remains were laid to rest in the family plot.

S. Walker visited his cousin, Miss Marth Johnston, recently.

A patriotic service was given in the Methodist church on Sunday evening last by local talent and greatly enjoyed.

James Doyle and family and several others attended the funeral of the former's nephew, James Koen, B.Sc., at Railton, on Monday last.

Dr. C. R. Salsbury has gone to Hamilton, where he will practice.

The lawn social which was to have been held on the rectory lawn on Monday evening last, was held in the hall. Walters' orchestra furnished the music. Dancing was the chief entertainment of the evening.

Quite a number attended the celebration in Napanee on July 1st.

THE GLORIOUS TWELFTH

All arrangements have been made for celebrating July 12th, at Napanee, and everything looks promising for a big day with the Orangemen. Lodges are expected from all over the surrounding district, and a bumper demonstration is anticipated.

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT, N. C. I.

The results of the promotion examinations in the Commercial Department are as follows:

JR. TO SR.—Elsie Young, Catherine Gallagher, E. Knight, Madeline Stevens, Eileen Murphy, Hessie Gray, Doris Lucas.

The following have failed in one subject and are promoted to the Senior Class with the subject named as a condition—Tillie Walker (Stenog.), Marion Roblin (Bk.-Kpg.), Olive Withers (Spelling), Elsie Root (Rap. Cal.).

SR. Course—The following have successfully completed the courses indicated and are entitled to diplomas:

Book-keeping and Stenography—Hilda McGreer, (Honours), Mary Rogers (Honours), Yvonee Morgan (Honours).

Book-keeping—Loretta Murphy, Rose Holmes.

Stenography—Mildred Blackadder, Una McKim.

Office Filing Diplomas—Y. McGraw (Honours), Mary Rogers (Honours), Ida Brooks (Honours), Marguerite Kouber (Honours).

Special Classes—The following who took only special subjects with the Senior Class have received credit as follows:

Typewriting and Shorthand—Mary McGraw.

Typewriting—Lillian Birchall, Jean MacCormack.

The following Typewriting awards have been won during the year 1923-24:

Silver Medal (60 words per minute)—Mary Rogers.

Bronze Medal with Bar (50 words per minute)—Nina McKim, Yvonne McGraw, Loretta Murphy.

Bronze Medal (40 words per minute)—Ida Brooks, Catherine Gallagher, Eileen Murphy, Hilda McGreer, Parrott's Bay.

Initial Certificates (30 words per minute)—Francis Rawlinson, Mary Dudgeon, Irene Embury, Ida Brooks, Catherine Gallagher, Madeline Stevens, Eileen Murphy, Jean MacCormack.

PROMOTION EXAMINATIONS.

Enterprise Public School, Senior Room.

Names in order of merit.

SR. IV.—Marguerit Waggar (hon.), Donald Keilar (hon.), George Spratt, Henry Merriam (conditioned).

JR. IV.—Frances Covert (hon.), Donald Jackson (hon.), Stanley Spratt, Lilla Snider, Gerald Loucks (promoted on term record).

SR. III—Annie Clark (hon.), Florence Brown (hon.), Ronald Jackson, Mary Merriam.

JR. III—Muriel Loucks, Leon Kellar, Lorne Smith, Lillie Wilson, Florence Murphy, Fordyce Fenwick, Eileen King, and Glen Sparks.

E. A. MAGEE.

PROMOTION EXAMINATIONS.

S. S. No. 9, N. Fredericksburgh.

JR. IV TO SR. IV.—Lawrence Wells 79, Laura Brooks and Gladys Huffman 72, Gordon Moore 71.

SR. III TO JR IV.—Aubrey Davey an Amy Moore 77, Lorne Stevens 75.

SR. III—Charlie Parker.

JR. II TO SR. II.—Gladys Brooks 78, Marjorie Sharp 77, Jack Davey 75, Ellis Huffman 74, Doris Moore 70, Elsie Morris 69.

JR. II—Henry Morris, Thelma Wells.

SR. PR.—Stella Morris.

JR. PR.—Glynn Sharp and Freda Davey, Harry Prescott.

LAURA A. BELL,
Teacher.

STORMS' CORNERS.

The recent rains have made all crops look fine around here and the farmers are expecting a good crop of hay.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Menor motored to the Sand Banks on Sunday last.

Hanson Hagerman is sporting a Ford car.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Parrott spent one day recently in Belleville.

Mr. Ernest Parrott has improved his house with a coat of paint.

The Ernesttown Sunday School convention was held in the 4th line church on June 25th and was a decided success, showing that there is still a large number of interested Sunday School workers. Addresses were given by Rev. Mr. Ferris, Mr. McLean, Rev. Mr. Mackenzie, Rev. Mr. Merrick, Rev. Mr. Dingwall, Mr. R. Brethen. The fourth line choir rendered some fine singing afternoon and evening and in the evening were assisted with a solo by Miss Marjory Storms, Wilton, and a duet by Mr. and Mrs. George Fralick, of Morven.

GIRLS' CAMP—VARTY LAKE

JULY 17 TO JULY 24.

WHO MAY GO—Girls ten years of age and over.

WHAT IT COSTS—One dollar registration fee for each girl.

WHAT TO TAKE—Each group will furnish its own food, sufficient for every girl in the group, for the whole week. Fresh milk and bread can be obtained at camp and a grocery wagon calls every second day.

EACH GROUP will also bring frying pans, pails, dishpan, axe, saw, lantern, matches, candles, hammer and nails, clothes line and pins, dish towels and cloths, potato pot, paring knife, agate spoon, can opener.

EACH GIRL will bring a Bible, three blankets, pillow, knife, fork, spoons, cup, saucers, plate, soap (floating) towels, tooth brush, bathing suit, running shoes, mirror, iced cream, wash cloths, comb.

OPTIONAL — Scissors, court plaster, mosquito oil, needle and thread, flash light, bandages, camera, musical instruments, ball, tennis racquet, etc.

WHAT TO WEAR—Middy and bloomers or dark skirt, one white skirt and middy, or plain gingham dress for Sunday, change of underclothing.

TO LEADERS—Each group should be accompanied by a responsible leader, if possible. Anyone having books with helpful suggestions, please bring them. BRING YOUR GIRLS, WHETHER ORGANIZED OR NOT.

DAY'S OUTLINE.

7.00—Bugle for rising.
7.10—Sitting up exercises.
7.20—Dip, (air bedding).
7.50—Flag-raising.
8.00 — Breakfast, morning watch.
9.00—Bible study in groups, tent inspection.
10.00 — Nature study, camp craft.
11.00—Swim.
12.30—Dinner.
1.30—Rest period. (Mentor's Bible Study and council.
2.30—First aid, hike, games, stories.
4.30—Swim.
5.30—Supper.
6.25—Flag lowering.
6.30—Baseball.
8.00—Camp fire songs, etc.
9.30—Evening hymn, prayer.
10.00—Lights out.

Any communication may be made to Mrs. (Rev.) Nicole, Convenor, Newburgh, or Marion E. Wales, Napanee.

Sporting Goods !

Reach's famous baseball goods, also Tennis Racquets, indoor balls, etc.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

STELLA.

The numerous showers have benefitted everything and the grain crop looks very prosperous of late. The late potatoes and corn-planting is finished up and now road work is the order of the day.

Mrs. Edward Scott has returned from a pleasant visit with friends at Picton and Northport.

Miss Abbey, of Ottawa, is the guest of Mrs. Hugh Filson.

A little son has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alva Cochrane, Lake Shore, and a son also at the home of Mr. and Mrs. David Reid.

Mr. Fenton Sanders, Kingston, spent Friday last with his sister, Mrs. A. Graham.

The Misses Stella Instant, Edith Scott and Nellie McDonald and Clarence Hogeboom have completed their course at Peterborough Normal School and are spending their holidays at their homes here.

Mr. Garvey, principal of Bath High School, was presiding officer at the Entrance Matric. exams., while Miss Salsbury, of S.C.S., likewise conducted Bath exams.

Rev. J. C. Dixon, Mrs. Dixon and Mrs. Hudson left on Friday last for their new home in Kingston, with good wishes of their many friends here for a complete restoration of good health to Mr. Dixon and the hope of many pleasant visits in our midst here during the coming season.

Mrs. R. Kirkpatrick and his daughter, Mrs. Sheridan Patterson, have returned home after a pleasant visit with friends at Kingston and Pittsburg.

Genuine Creonoid Fly Oil in bulk at $1.00 per gallon at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

POULTRY CULLING DEMONSTRATIONS

LENNOX AND ADDINGTON COUNTY.

Conducted by Mr. T. W. Brennand, of the Poultry Department, Ontario Agricultural College, at the following places on the following dates:

Ernestown — Vernon Paul, Napanee, R. R. 4, July 14th, 10 a.m.

Ernestown — Elgin Parrott, Odessa, July 14th, 3 p.m.

Shelfield—W. S. Wagar, Tamworth, July 15th, 10 a.m.

Camden—W. S. Hawley, Enterprise, R. R. 1, July 15th, 3 p.m.

Adolphustown—H. M. Johnston, Sillsville, July 16th, 10 a.m.

South Fredericksburgh — E. C. Hogeboom, Bath, R. R. No. 1, July 16th, 3 p.m.

Adolphustown—Jas. E. Robertson, Napanee, R. R. 3, July 17th, 10 a.m.

North Fredericksburgh—Marshall Preslar, Napanee, R. R. 1, July 17th, 3.30 p.m.

Napanee — Henry Creighton, Napanee, July 17th, 3.30 p.m.

North Fredericksburgh — Ray Perry, Napanee, R. R. 4, July 18th, 10 a.m.

Richmond—Albert Reid, Napanee, R. R. 6, July 18th, 1.30 p.m.

Richmond—John Gollinger, Selby, July 18th, 3.30 p.m.

Waladar—Campbell, Flinton, July 19th, 10 a.m.

Camden—W. A. Benn, Moscow, July 19th, 3 p.m.

Improved poultry products. Lowered cost of production. Keep only the best hens. Attend one of the demonstrations. Then cull your own flock. Men, women, girls and boys welcome. If you know what to look for in handling a hen, you can tell pretty closely how many eggs she will lay in a year under average conditions.

Members of the Advisory Agricultural Council and Napanee Poultry Association have assisted in arranging these demonstrations.

J. LAUGHLAND,
Agricultural Representative.

CHURCH UNION BILL PASSES COMMONS

(By Hector B. McKinnon, Staff Correspondent of the Canadian Press.)

Ottawa, July 4.—In so far as the House of Commons is concerned, Church Union in Canada has passed the stage of speculation and controversy into that of hard, statutory fact.

The bill over which in recent weeks has raged such a storm of controversy to-night received its third reading from an indifferent House, and from the astonished gaze of half-filled galleries.

With but one hour available for discussion of the measure, the Commons decided upon a policy of "sweet do nothing." All who sought to speak had spoken. The tempest of debate had spent itself. The Commons, surfeited with controversy, sought only peaceful repose. And so, amidst a hush, the bill, forthwith and without a division.

The entire proceedings came as an anti-climax to the events of the past three months.

When the familiar question, "Number one, Order Paper," was called by Mr. Speaker, Alfred Stork (Liberal, Skeena) moved the amendment forecast in yesterday's Globe, providing for recourse to the courts in respect of the Presbyterian property.

"The question is on the amendment," announced the Speaker.

"Lost on division!" called Mr. Duff (Liberal) from the floor, as the question had been put.

The question is now on the main motion.

"Carried on division!" retorted the Chamber, interrupting the Speaker—and the bill was law.

It now goes to the Senate, where it will linger but a brief time upon the stage. The Senate has its cup full with more mundane matters, such as National branch line bills, and it is understood that it will usher the Church Union Bill into the wings just as rapidly as is consonant with the character of that measure and the dignity of the upper Chamber.

One thing is certain: Parliament breathes more easily to-night than since the first of April.

JULY 1924 — Our Weekly Calendar

Moon Phases
First Quarter July 9th

8 Tue. A dip of ink and the scratch of a pen, off makes or mars the lives of men.

9 Wed. A gentleman wishing to inquire the way to Arden, seeing a woman sitting on a bench outside, stopped, entered the gate, took off his hat and said, "how do you do."

10 Thur. "Oh, I love to crack 'em, split 'em, and strip 'em down and let 'em fall, like this," and she took up a green pea pod from her lap and demonstrated the way.

11 Fri. The lazy fly keeps the housewife busy and spry.

12 Sat. Never fret if the day is wet, sun will shine another time.

13 Sun. Watch and pray, that ye enter not into temptation.

14 Mon. The spirit indeed is willing, but the flesh is week.

(Englishman) Ed.-fanning himself with his hat complained of the heat. "O this hatmosphere I This hatmosphere!"

"What is it your hat must fear?" inquired pat.

Ed. glared at him and said "beastly highorance."

"Be golly, if its that ye have in yer head 'tis no wonder your hat must fear," replied Pat.

J. AMES.

ECONOMY

"GUTTA PERCHA"
CORD TIRES
"Quality all Through"

After hearing your neighbor's anecdotes of high mileage records for his Gutta Percha Tires, better get Gutta Perchas for your car, too.

Gutta Percha & Rubber, Limited
Head Office and Factories, Toronto. *Branches from Coast to Coast.*

Complete Stock carried by
J. MURPHY, C. A. WISEMAN,
PAUL'S GARAGE.

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can always implicitly depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.

J. B. WILLOUGHBY, M.D., C.M.
Corner Dundas and Robinson Streets.
Office Hours :—2 p.m. to 5 p.m., 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Phone 307. 32-1y

Dr. S. R. McCreary, B.Sc.
Physician and Surgeon.
X-Ray a Specialty
170½ Front St. Belleville
Opposite City Hall
Phone 1200

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A TRIAL

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—278.

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT.
tf

Grit, charcoal, beef scrap, water cans, feeding troughs.
DAVY & ALLISON.

Here and There

In response to the appeal of the University of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, Que., for $500,000, to meet present needs, the Canadian Pacific Railway has supported the plea by subscribing $15,000 to the fund.

Canada will soon be the mecca of many moving picture directors, according to Herbert Brenon, producer for Thomas Meighan, who recently arrived at Banff to film the big outdoor scenes for James Oliver Curwood's "The Alaskan."

The fish catch of the world approximates $1,000,000,000 a year in its cost to the consumer, of which $780,000,000, goes to those engaged in the catching of fish, the United States Fish Commission declare.

The value of the tourist traffic to Canada is proved by figures supplied by the Parks Department of the Dominion Government, which show that the enormous sum of $136,000,000 was spent by tourists in this country in 1923. This represents the Dominion's fourth largest source of foreign cash income.

On her arrival at Quebec, June 14, the Canadian Pacific steamship "Empress of France" broke the record for the fastest time made between that port and Southampton, England, from which she sailed, having maintained an average speed of over 19 knots. This vessel also holds the record for the run between Quebec and Liverpool.

Arrangements for the Pageant of Empire, to be held at the British Empire Exhibition July 21-August 30, are now rapidly completing. Episodes showing the history of Canada and the other Dominions as well as of the Mother Country from the earliest times to the present day are being organized with the assistance of prominent residents of the Dominion now in London.

Hon. J. E. Perrault, Minister of Colonization, Mines and Fisheries for the Province of Quebec, on his return from a recent extensive trip to the Temiscaming district of that province, stated that there were over 2,000 prospectors exploring the gold-fields of Quebec and at least a million dollars would be expended in development work in the region during the course of the season.

According to figures prepared by the freight department of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the export grain movement via Vancouver reached a total of 48,971,930 bushels on May 31, 1924, compared with a total of 17,387,715 bushels as on May 31, 1923. In each instance the figures cover the crop year commencing September 1st. The increase is therefore 31,584,215 bushels or 181.5 per cent.

Enthusiastic celebrations took place at Vancouver and Victoria, B.C., when the special service squadron of the Royal Navy, headed by H.M.S. Hood, the largest warship in the world and flagship of the squadron, visited those places recently. The squadron is expected on the Atlantic seaboard in August, when efforts will be made by Canadians on that coast to outdo the Pacific cities in the warmth of the welcome they extend. The anticipations are that thousands of visitors will gather at Quebec as elsewhere to demonstrate their affection for the officers and men of the fleet.

"You may say that Canada is becoming more and more interesting to Englishmen and before long additional English capital will be used here in the development of industries. I am very optimistic and I believe that we are now progressing towards an era of unprecedented prosperity. What we need more than all now is the immigration of good men who will become an asset to this country," declared Sir John Aird, President of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, on his return from Europe recently aboard the Canadian Pacific steamship "Empress of France."

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

BY REV. C. G. TRUMBULL.
(Editor of The Sunday School Times).

THE BOYHOOD OF JESUS.

Sunday, July 13.—Luke 2 : 40-52.

Golden Text—Jesus increased in wisdom and stature, and in favor with God and man.—Luke 2 : 52.

The late Dr. Griffith Thomas quoted the suggestion of a writer as the key to the Gospel of Luke, "The second man is the Lord from Heaven" (I Cor. 15 : 47), thus indicating Christ as Man and Christ as Lord.

The Lordship of Christ will appear more fully as this nine months' course in His life continues. His humanity is very beautifully set forth in this week's lesson. But let us never forget that, even in his babyhood and boyhood, Jesus was God as no other man ever has been or ever will be. Let no one deceive us into thinking that "the divinity of Christ" means "the divinity of mankind."

Introduction : A Perfect Child (v. 4)—Here was growth in body mind and spirit. As the little body grew, spiritual knowledge and wisdom increased. And "the grace of God" was the secret of it all, even as it is the secret of all normal growth for us. His voluntary "self-emptying" Christ made Himself dependent upon the grace of God.

Godly Parents (v. 41, 42).—Why the annual journey to Jerusalem ? Because this was pleasing to God. God saw that His only Son on earth learned obedience by living under obedient parents. Verse 39 also shows their conscientious life. People sometimes talk as though it were a handicap to have truly Christian parents—ministers' sons, we are told, often go wrong. This does not happen to be true. On examination of life careers made some years ago from "Who's Who" showed that the sons of ministers were filling more positions of high responsibility in every walk of life than the sons of any other calling or profession.

The Absence and the Anxious Hunt (vs. 43-45).—Joseph and Mary "fulfilled the days" in their observance of God's law at Jerusalem, but the boy Jesus had not fulfilled His duty, therefore he "tarried behind." Why ? The lesson tells us. Let us remember, too, that this was the first time over Feast, and that Jesus Himself was the Passover Lamb, "slain from the foundation of the world." This Passover, and every Passover observed since the night the Children of Israel first observed it in Egypt, looked forward to Jesus the only true Passover. Is it possible that upon the Boy's becoming of legal age now, He was beginning to know the real purpose of his life on earth ?

The parents were heartsick with fear as they missed their boy (verse 48). Think of trying to find Him in the days when He had they be ? Without losing Him ?

The Temple Ministry (vs. 46-47).—Why was it only "after three days" that they found Him ? He was lost, and He was found again ; is there here a gleam of anticipation of His coming death and resurrection "the third day" ? Bible numbers almost always have significance.

Jesus was a astonishing boy —"all that heard Him were astonished." He was "well educated" in every sense of the term. Education can be made to serve God's highest purpose. We may legitimately use our imagination to think what some of the questions and answers may have been in that epoch-making Bible class of the doctors of our Lord.

The Absence Explained (vs. 48-49).—Mary was surprised, and Jesus was surprised. In their amazement the parents reproached Him for having "thus dealt with them. And Jesus, in surprise at their attitude, rebuked them for not knowing where to find Him, and for not knowing that He must be about His Father's business." The parents surprise and rebuke were wrong. Our Lord's rebuke was right, as was all that He said and did. He had just one supreme interest, His "Father's business." See how that He said about this in John 9-4. Early in His public ministry our Lord visited the temple at Jerusalem again, and reformed another ministry there that amazed people, fulfilling the prophecy "The zeal of thine house hath eaten me up." (John 2 : 17).

The Family Life Resumed (vs. 50-51).—But normal family life followed this brief, half-veiled disclosure of the glory of the Lord, as the family returned to the Nazareth home and the boy was "subject unto them." This seven-year-old was plainly beyond them, but "subject unto them." They "understood not the saying which He spake unto them," but "His mother kept all these sayings in her heart." And we can well imagine the wonderful and joyous times that little family must have had together, under the home roof, of which the world knew nothing and which it has pleased the Holy Spirit not to record for us.

Conclusion : A perfect Youth (vs. 52).—Although a boy Jesus shown astonishing understanding (v. 47). He now, in a normal way, increased in wisdom and stature, and in favor with God and man." The more one has, the better one should grow, or "increase." If Christ Himself always sinless and always perfect, yet in His incarnation needed to grow into the threefold nature which He shared with us, and grow in his relationships with both God and man, how much more so do we need always to be growing ? The secret of our growth is always to be looking unto Jesus, then "we all, with open face beholding as in a glass the glory of the Lord, are changed into the same image from glory to glory, even as by the Spirit of the Lord" (II Cor. 3 : 18).

There is both parent teaching and child training in this lesson, and both are needed today.

There are seven perfections here :

Perfect growth (vs. 40, 52).

Perfect wisdom—perfect at every stage of its increase and growth.

Perfect receiving of grace (vs. 40, 52).

Perfect obedience both to God and to parents (vs. 43, 46, 49, 51, 52).

Perfect use of opportunity (vs. 43, 46, 49).

Perfect humility (vs. 40, 51)—only humility can fully receive the grace of God and fully obey parents in the Lord.

Perfect normality (vs. 40, 51, 52).

ELECTED PRESIDENT TORONTO BOND EXCHANGE

FRED G. JOHNSTON, formerly Vice-President of G. A. Stimson & Co., who has recently accepted the appointment as President and General Manager of the TORONTO BOND EXCHANGE.

Mr. Johnston entered the Bond and banking business over sixteen years ago and has specialized in Government, Municipal and Canadian National Railway Bonds. He is a son of the late Judge Johnston of Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario, and received his education at Trinity College, Port Hope, and Upper Canada College, Toronto.

KING'S MAN.

Ambassador to United States an Accomplished Man.

There is some irony in the fact that the new British Ambassador to the United States, Sir Esme Howard, the representative of the "shirt-sleeves government" of Labor, should belong to the "old school diplomacy." The situation is eased by the discovery of the discerning ship news reporters at New York that at least no one on the Olympic was more democratic than Sir Esme, and he faced the gazers with confidence and with success. Now at the age of 60, he crowns a life in diplomacy, with the highest position in the service in the gift of his Government, says Toronto Globe.

For a long time British appointments to Washington did not indicate high regard for the duties to be performed, but in the past generation or two the record has been strengthened by such names as Lord Pauncefote, Sir Mortimer Durand and Lord Bryce. George Hammond, the first Earoy, in 1791, suffered the coldness and veiled hostility natural after the close of the Revolution. This slumbering hatred developed until, in June, 1811, Augustus John Foster had his "services terminated by declaration of war against Great Britain."

There followed a lengthy list, with only occasional names of lustre. Around 1850 was Lord Lyttton, who, as "Owen Meredith," had a considerable literary reputation, which he enhanced at Versailles as Paris' social leader. Later have been such figures of fashion and social distinction as Lord Dufferin, the much-cherished Lord Lyons had the difficult post of holding the balance during the strained years of the Civil War. The regime of Lord Sackville came to an inglorious end in 1888 when he fell into a trap and wrote an unknown Californian declaring his preference for the Democratic party in an election. Lord Pauncefote had a brilliant record through his share in averting trouble after President Cleveland had sent his belligerent message on the Venezuelan boundary. Before that Pauncefote had his day on the front pages of the world when he spoke freely on a street car one day to a Baltimore correspondent he had met at the Gridiron Club concerning a pending arbitration treaty. He was quoted as above the interview, but he replied that he could disavow it, but truth compelled him to say that he "had had the conversation with an amiable person on a tramcar."

Sir Mortimer Durand, coming in 1903, faced a delicate situation owing to the inroads which the German Ambassador, Speck von Sternberg, had made in the confidences of President Roosevelt for the time being. Later he lost ground through the trifling matter of relations with Japan, the United States and his own Government at the time of the Portsmouth Conference. Lord Bryce accomplished a general arbitration treaty and generally raised the tone of the relations of the two countries, and his successors, including Sir Cecil Spring-Rice and Sir Auckland Geddes, have added to the good feeling.

One of the Family.

Margaret was maid of all work in the Bradley family, the members of which are given to quarrelling. One morning Margaret sought her mistress and tendered her resignation. Mrs. Bradley was distressed and loath to part with so excellent a servant.

"And are you really going to leave us, Margaret?" she asked sadly. "What is the matter? Haven't we always treated you as one of the family?"

"Yis, mum," replied the girl, "as Oi've stood it as long as Oi'm goin' to, mum."—Everybody's Magazine.

Busy Bobby.

Little Bobby came crying into the house, rubbing the places where he had been butted by a pet sheep.

"But what did you do," his mother demanded, "when the sheep knocked you down?"

"I didn't do nothing," Bobby declared, protestingly. "I was gettin' up all the time."—Onward.

Listen !

A number of second-hand coal or wood ranges, in good condition, now on hand. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

ON PARLIAMENT HILL

BY A MEMBER OF THE PARLIAMENTARY PRESS GALLERY.

Ottawa, June 30th.—Parliament heaved a sigh of relief when it passed through the critical vote on the Church Union Bill, that in Committee upon the amendment by Brown, of Lisgar, which stripped from the Bill the delaying clause that had been placed therein by the Committee on Private Bills.

On the first day of debate in the House there were all the factors that conduce to a full-dress performance—an issue of paramount importance, a full attendance of members, galleries thronged with visitors, an eagerly expectant country awaiting the result and general toning up of the atmosphere that was exhilarating. So far, so good.

On the second day, the debate dragged. The House became wearied of endless re-iteration of arguments already heralded over thousand times in Committee. Back benchers were left to carry on while the remainder in a futile and time wasting debate—"A mere stalling off" on the part of Parliament. As member after member felt called upon (and no one could understand why) to explain his position, the House yawned with boredom and the galleries became deserted. Cries of "Question! Question!" greeted each new speaker, and it was with some reluctance that the members heard even the utterance of the Party Leaders. "Let's get it over," was the attitude at midnight of the second day.

And they "got it over," by a majority of 75—which is by no means fewer than 52. True it was that, after this vote, there remained other clauses for consideration in Committee, as well as third reading of the Bill itself—but no one worried on that score. The Brown amendment" of Labor was recognized as the vital point at issue and its decisive adoption paved the way for a very expeditious consideration of the remainder of the Bill.

PORTER VERSUS MURDOCK.

Canadians generally, irrespective of party leanings, will not be misled by the bit of stage-play which had its culmination in the resignation of Friday last of the member for West Hastings, E. Guss Porter, following the action of the House in adopting the report of the Privileges and Elections Committee in the matter of his charges against Hon. James Murdock.

Mr. Porter's resignation was a part of the little drama from the moment of his incipient early in the Session. He was chosen to make the charges against Mr. Murdock chiefly for one reason. He came from "a safe seat," viewed from the standpoint of Toryism. The astute Chief of the Conservative Party made one mistake in selecting his champion ; he picked a man who, he felt, could be relied on at any time and be reasonably certain of a re-election.

So Mr. Porter resigns. He has "got there" by the path of outraged virtue, a protagonist of purity who is shocked at the scandalous conduct of a Minister of the Crown—and he appeals to his constituents for the vindication refused him by his colleagues in the House of Commons.

Mr. Porter had not after all any such stupendous task in "establishing" what he chose to call the "facts" of his indictment namely that on a certain day Mr. Murdock had withdrawn certain moneys from the Home Bank and had deposited them in another institution. Indeed, he had no task at all—for Mr. Murdock admitted all the charges. With a transparent honesty and simple frankness that astounded and confused his accusers, Mr. Murdock went on the witness stand voluntarily admitted that his act had been one of sheer human impulse from which he could not dissociate himself and the consequences of which he was ready to accept. The decent honesty of the Minister was patent to all just prior to vindication in Parliament by the majority of 118, the House applauded its every echo this tribute from his Leader :

"The Honourable member who has made the charges against the Minister says that when the Minister of Labor talked with the Deputy Speaker in his office and was there told that the bank was about to fail, and acted on that knowledge, that of itself proves the charge. I think the honourable member say that we should make it an obligation upon members of the Ministry and officers of the Crown that, with respect to their own private affairs, they are not to be permitted to exercise the same prudence or the same discretion that they would be expected to exercise as private individuals. My own view is that a Minister of the Crown must, in that capacity, exercise the same prudence with respect to his own property and his own family as he would be expected to exercise as a private individual."

PAST RECORD ILLUMES PRESENT ATTACK.

"What has been the record of the Minister of Labor ? He started life with very little in the way of personal means, but by his industry, his integrity and his honesty he won the confidence of his fellow workingmen, not in tens or in hundreds, but in thousands over the whole of this continent. He was entrusted with part control of the trust funds of the great organization of railway trainmen of which he was one of the honored officers and leaders. When, some few years ago, he entered the service of this country as Minister of the Board of Commerce he drew a salary from the Government which meant a great deal to a man of his limited means. He resigned that office of emolument and refused to draw another dollar of salary when he found it impossible to discharge his duties in the interest of the public, because of the restrictions placed upon him. Hon. gentlemen opposite who assisted Mr. Murdock in that bidding to occupy an office and draw a salary, but at the same time not carry out the duties of that office, or serve the public as his position demanded, now seek to drive him out of public life. Instead of attempting to drive Mr. Murdock out of private life, those who wish to see honest and fearless men in public life should do their utmost to retain Mr. Murdock in office."

THE TAX-PAYERS PAY FOR MUD-SLINGING.

This bit of mud-slinging party politics took up a whole day of [illegible] Parliament, while over [illegible] days, the tax-payers and additional sessional expenses many times the four thousand dollars of personal savings which the Minister tried to safeguard and which he may now lose. In two and one-half years it has been the only near scandal charged against the present Government—a pretty record.

THE SENATE AND THE C. N. R.

The other, and from the National standpoint, the much more dangerous line of attack, from the Conservative camp is still proceeding via the Senate. The onslaught on the Canadian National Branch Lines Bills is becoming viciously pressed. An illuminating revelation came on Wednesday in the Senate committee dealing with the Branch Lines. Sir James Lougheed declared that he regretted his sponsoring in the Senate, under the late Administration, of the Bill to nationalize the railways. He would, he said, to-day, to atone for that monumental mistake by letting no opportunity pass for limiting further expenditure on the Canadian National System which he considered unjustifiable. And Sir James with this clearly enunciated opposition to National ownership would in all probability be again Government leader in the Senate if Mr. Meighen ever comes back to to power again.

Many farmers claim that Higgins' White Hellebore (mixed 1 lb. with 3 lbs. of cement) makes a sure killer for lice on cattle. This brand for sale at WALLACE'S only.

These are "Get There Days" Did You Get a Good Start This Morning ?

If Not We Want You To Use Phospho-Cod Just Thirty Days and Get the Surprise of Your Life in the Improvement You Will Make.

These are the days of speed, the "Get There Days." Only a few centuries back it took months to cross the ocean—now it takes less than a week. Only a few years ago doctors were bleeding poor, starved bodies for almost every ailment flesh was heir to.—Fever patients were refused water,—the sick and ailing were shut up in closed rooms with the windows sealed shut and all God-given air and sunlight carefully excluded. But thanks to modern science and a lse Creator, a few rays of intelligence are now filtering through and while the knowledge of how to fight disease and death is but in its infancy, yet all intelligent medical men admit that prevention is by far the most effective weapon in the fight for better health, strength and physical perfection. A new Tonic Health Building formula has been perfected which is accomplishing results that are making thousands glad. It has brought absolutely satisfactory results to many who were frail weaklings in search of health and strength to had spent years in trying first one thing then another. We have files full of letters and photograph showing the remarkable improvements of these people and telling of the satisfaction and help they have had from Phospho-Cod—this new Tonic health Builder—and best of all it is not a secret or patent medicine as we freely give the formula to any one enquiring and publish it herewith and on every package. Phospho-Cod is the name we have given this formula and we make it from a solution of Hypophosphites of Lime—Sodium—Potassium—Manganese—Quinine and Strychnia together with Iron Peptonate, Blood Root, Wild Cherry, Cascara and rich Port Wine and a tasteless Extract of Cod Livers hich has no unpleasant taste, grease or odor.

We Do Not Need to Tell the Well Informed Physician

that this formula is remarkably efficient, for the ingredients speak for it, and prove that it is the most effective Body Building, Blood Making and Nerve Vitalizing Tonic ever offered to run-down, ailing men and women. That is the reason we say that if you are not bubbling over with the joy of living we want you to use Phospho-Cod for thirty days and get the surprise of your life in the improvement you will make. It is our belief that with the good, rich, red blood and the powerful, steady steely nerves others have reported from the use of this splendid tonic that we can rebuild your health as we have theirs.—That we can build up your resistance to disease and fill your lungs and germs that attack the human body.—That you can become strong, vigorous and healthy as your Creator intended you should be—That with increased health, strength and vigor you will become more successful and ambitious with a desire to enjoy life to its fullest. Maybe this doesn't appeal to you and if that should be so, you have our apologies for having wasted your time in reading this ad. Also, we wouldn't want you to try our treatment, as we think you would not use it fairly, which would make it useless to you and harmful to us, because you would not recommend it. But if you are sicere and need help such as we have described, go to one of the dealers listed below and start Phospho-Cod today with our assurance and guarantee that it will do exactly as we claim, for what we claim, or you may return it and we will pay the dealer ourselves.

IT'S HERE!!! PHOSPHO-COD NERVE BUILDER AND TONIC
PEPTONATE OF IRON FORMULA

PHOSPHO-COD is for sale by F. L. Hooper, Druggist, who will be pleased to send a bottle by mail to those unable to call at the store, on receipt of 25c. additional to pay postage. Regular price $1.25 per pint bottle ; $1.50 mailed to any address in Canada.

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OPPOSITE CAMPBELL HOUSE
WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF CATERING FOR PARTIES, LARGE OR SMALL
SPECIAL DINNERS
11.30 a.m., Till 2 p.m.
A la carte at all hours.
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Napanee's 5-Day Chautauqua Program

Starts Thursday, July 31st

In make this the success it merits we'll need the support of every man, woman, boy and girl in this vicinity.

Read elsewhere in this issue what Mayor MacGregor thinks of Chautauqua.

The Lectures on This Year's Program:

Impersonator of Noted Authors at Chautauqua

By presenting speaking likenesses of a number of the greatest literary men of a century Sidney Landon, who will be a notable attraction at the coming Dominion Chautauqua here, has contributed new dignity to the art of impersonation. With wigs, grease paints and a precisely vivid imagination, he gives faithful reproductions of noted authors. He completely loses his own identity

SIDNEY LANDON

in portraying the role of a famous writer, and quotes from the works of the author impersonated.

One of Mr. Landon's most popular presentations is of Mark Twain making his historic birthday speech. Edgar Allan Poe is pictured in his story of "Annabel Lee." A humorous reading from James Whitcomb Riley, Bill Nye's "American Boy" and a group of Longfellow's poems are favorites in his repertoire.

Many of the later-day writers Mr. Landon knew personally. Other writers in both England and America he learned to know through visits to their former homes and libraries, and through interviews with relatives and close friends

"KIDS'" FRIEND AT CHAUTAUQUA

Capt. T. Dinsmore Upton Has Great Lecture.

Eloquent, Magnetic Speaker With a Message for Old and Young Alike.

Capt. T. Dinsmore Upton, "Big Brother to a Hundred Thousand Kids," will be a feature lecturer at the coming Dominion Chautauqua here. His lecture, "The Four-Square Builder," is a plea for clean, wholesome recreation

CAPT. T. DINSMORE UPTON

for children as a foundation for better citizenship.

Captain Upton speaks from a uniquely successful experience as director of athletics in prominent high schools and as physical training director in the army during the Great War.

As a speaker he is magnetic and eloquent. He has the faculty of reaching everyone—children through their parents, and parents through their children.

Popular Entertainer to Delight Audience at the Chautauqua

Virginia Slade, clever character impersonator and play reader, who will appear at the coming Dominion Chautauqua, has achieved a splendid record as an entertainer in the Lyceum and Chautauqua field.

She will give here a popular miscellaneous program consisting of a number of short readings, and cuttings from several well-known plays.

Miss Slade is possessed of an innate ability to portray different characters realistically, and she effects a transition from one character to another with a result that is pleasingly artistic.

VIRGINIA SLADE

Her play characters, as she presents them, are so natural that audiences can easily visualize the entire group of characters. The ability to impersonate effectively is the test of the real artist, which Miss Slade is, in every sense of the word.

Her contribution to the Chautauqua here will be greatly enjoyed.

Canada's Science Leaders

Canada's progress in science in recent years is greater than most realize, and an informal summary of it by Dr. J. Murray Clark of Toronto, in the Current History (New York), will give a pleasurable surprise even to Canadians.

"Since the war," he says, "there has developed in Canada an intellectual life comparable in certain respects with the activities which made the glory of the 'spacious days' of Queen Elizabeth. But there is this difference—the genius of Elizabeth's England came forth in the fields of literary philosophical and artistic achievement, whereas in Canada today the most brilliant contributions are being made in the realm of material things—scientific research, the application of science to industry, the problems of progress and prosperity. Canada can boast of no Marlowe or Shakespeare, but she has Banting, Macleod and a small army of other investigators of nature."

A list of twelve leaders in Canadian science is then given, with something of the life and achievements of each. Here is a summary:

Prof. J. C. McLennan, head of the Physics Department, University of Toronto, scientific adviser to the British Admiralty during the war, and whose researches in helium are well known.

Prof. A. B. Macallum, professor of Biochemistry at McGill University, with record of special research work in the microchemistry of cells, animal and vegetable, in which the foundation was laid of a knowledge of the inorganic chemistry of living matter, the cause of surface tension in vital phenomena, and the origin of the inorganic relations of the blood plasma from the composition of the sea—work on biological fin...

Dr. A. he tried ...Macdonald professor of Physics at McGill, research work in radioactivity and ionization.

Prof. J. C. Fields, president Royal Canadian Institute, Toronto, who has made notable contributions to the theory of algebraic functions.

Dean F. D. Adams, Logan professor of Geology at McGill, trainer of eminent engineers who have contributed to the development of mining in Canada.

Prof. R. F. Ruttan, director of Chemistry at McGill, prominently identified with research work, who has developed a strong graduate school of research in chemistry at McGill, and has himself done important research work in organic and biological chemistry.

Dr. J. S. Plaskett, director of the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory at Victoria, B.C., with at the time of its installation the largest reflecting telescope in the world; discoverer of Star 6 1309, named after him "Plaskett," and which is four times more massive than any previously known.

Prof. J. C. Mitchell, professor of Anatomy, University of Toronto, president American Association for the Advancement of Science in 1923, and who has done much for research work.

Dr. Charles E. Saunders, for 20 years Cerealist of the Dominion Government, who created and perfected Marquis wheat, and also did much for oats and barley; altogether rendering a service worth many millions.

Sir Frederic Stupart, director of the Meteorological Service of Canada, who has demonstrated that the extraordinary water powers of Canada are, for geographical and meteorological reasons never failing.

Prof. F. G. Banting, discoverer of insulin, remedy for diabetes, as the result of research at the University of Toronto.

Prof. J. J. R. Macleod, head of the Department of Physiology of the University of Toronto, where Dr. Banting carried on his work, and whose joint efforts have resulted in a great contribution to medical science and in great benefit to humanity.

Prime Ministers of Ontario.

The following are the names of the Prime Ministers of Ontario, the period covered being, of course, the years since Confederation, because prior to that Ontario was Upper Canada and part of the Union:—Hon. John S. MacDonald, July 16, 1867 to December 10, 1871; Hon. Edward Blake, December 20, 1871 to October 25, 1872; Sir Oliver Mowatt, October 25, 1872 to July 9, 1896; Hon. A. S. Hardy, July 25, 1896 to October 21, 1899; Sir George W. Ross, October 21, 1899 to February 7, 1905; Sir James Pliny Whitney, February 8, 1905 to September 12, 1914; Sir William Hurst, October 2, 1914 to November 14, 1919; Hon. E. C. Drury, November 14, 1919 to July 16, 1923; Hon. G. H. Ferguson, July 16, 1923, and still in office.

New Big Paper Mill.

A paper mill costing $2,200,000 will be constructed at the head of the Great Lakes by the Great Lakes Pulp and Paper Company whose new pulp mill is now in the last stages of completion. When completed the combined pulp and paper plants will give employment to no less than 600 men all the year around.

ALBERTA'S OLD-TIMERS

UNIQUE ORGANIZATION OF WESTERN PIONEERS.

Men's Old-timer and Pioneer Association Meet Annually to Keep Green Memories of the Past—Col. James Walker Is President.

Gone is the old west! says Elizabeth Bailey Price in Toronto Sunday World. Dotted with farms, villages, towns and cities, it has resolved itself into a civilized and cultivated country. Yet the old west lingers! It is here still in the memories of its first few hundreds of pioneers, who wrested from a wild land their livelihoods and their homes.

And each year in Alberta these old-timers get together in the foothill city of Calgary in their annual round-up.

They came from east, from west, from north, from south, to see again the old first friends of the early days, to sing again the old songs they used to sing—to dance the good old-fashioned dances. For one evening they turn back the pages of memory to the days when they broke trails, hunted buffaloes, squatted, homesteaded or broncho-busted together, or to the days when Alberta cities were little villages, with muddy cart-tracks for main streets.

In this great gathering, which was held recently in Calgary, to the number of six hundred, there were representatives of the first families of the land. They were to the prairies what the pilgrim fathers were to New England, what the Forty-Niners were to California.

There were the wives and children of the first missionaries—for it was these brave men who, burning with zeal to convert a wild people, first brought their wives and children and with their own hands built the first white men's homes.

There were the descendants of those great fur traders, the Hudson's Bay Company, for it was the lure of wealth that led these daring adventurers into an undiscovered country.

There were the wives and children of the original members of the North West Mounted Police — men "tied down by no stringent rules or articles of war, but only by the silken cord of service"; men about whom the great Blackfoot Indian Chief Crowfoot said in 1877, "the police have protected us as the feathers of the bird protect it from winter frosts. If the police had not come to this country—where would we all be now? Fire, men and whiskey were killing us so fast that very few of us indeed would have been left to-day."

Of the "new" old timers there were many types. There were those who had "come with the railroad" in the early eighties. There were those from the older Canadian provinces, practical, resourceful, enduring, thrifty, and who could suit themselves to any environment.

There were others from England who took up ranching land—who met the veriest primitive conditions but with characteristic English bull-dog-gedness stuck to by their sticking out.

Left those behind [illegible] administered by the Power Commission, practical [illegible] of those to whom [illegible] is just as [illegible] —from the point of the child brought up near an Indian reserve—to watch the primitive pow wow of the painted Red men—to shear the mournful beat of the tom tom when one of the tribe passed on to the happy hunting ground; to pick the wild rose, the buffalo bean and the pasque flower, to go a-hunting buffalo horns, to develop with a country that rapidly met its needs of education and health, as it to wade through the snow or pick apples or go nutting in Old Ontario.

It was a meeting of one of the most newly-organized societies in the province, at the same time the oldest and first society.

It is just three years ago that the Old-timers of Southern Alberta organized. The Association has two primary objects—one to get the pioneers together from time to time to renew the sociabilities of the old days—also to be on the look out to provide any necessary comfort or help for old-timers in trouble. The second object is to collect and preserve any reminiscences, pamphlets, maps and charts and photographs pertaining to the early history of Alberta. This latter work is well under way and at present the material is in the hands of Professor McInnes of Oxford University, son of Alberta pioneers, Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm McInnes, who is compiling this material into a history, which it is hoped will be used in the schools of Alberta.

Col. James Walker, has been president of the Men's Old-Timer and Pioneer Association since its inception.

All At Sea.

A girl at a public library inquired if "The Red Boat" was in.

"I don't think we have the book," she was told.

"Then excuse me," said the girl. "I made a mistake. The title is 'The Scarlet Launch.'"

After a search, the library assistant reported that no book with that title was listed in the card catalogue.

"But I am sure you have the book," the girl insisted. Suddenly she opened her handbag and produced a slip of paper on which something was written. Then she blushed. "Oh, I beg your pardon," she said. "It's 'The Ruby Yacht' by a man named Omar, I want."

Fixing the Blame.

Margaret is only seven years old, but sometimes quite naughty. On one occasion her mother, hoping to be particularly impressive, said: "Don't you know that if you keep on doing so many naughty things your children will be naughty, too?" Margaret dimpled and cried triumphantly: "Oh, mother now you've given yourself away!"

An Old Sewage.

Some old relics have been unearthed at Shillinghill, Alloa, Scotland, by workmen who were excavating for a cable service. At a depth of four feet a series of wooden obstacles impeded progress, and on unearthing these several wooden pipes were discovered, roughly jointed into each other. The "pipes" are about ten feet long, with a bore of five inch, the diameter at the large end being about a foot. Doubtless they formed part of an old sewage scheme used by some of the local public works. The pipes have been embedded for at least 200 years.

Every Man and Woman

will be interested in

These Summer Needs at These Moderate Prices

MEN'S KHAKI PANTS
Heavy quality, finished with belt loops and cuffs $1.95

MEN'S KHAKI SHIRTS
With collar attached, made very roomy, sizes 14 to 17 ..... $1.00

MEN'S FINE SHIRTS
Well made and extra good quality Percale, sizes 14 to 17, each $1.59

MEN'S UNDERWEAR
Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, natural color, first quality, in all sizes, per garment ..... .59

MEN'S FLANNEL TROUSERS
The ideal Outing Trouser in grey only. All sizes. Specially priced at per pair $3.75

OUTING HATS
See the Outing Hats we have just received. You won't go away without one at ..... .15

EXTRA SPECIAL

LADIES' PLEATED SKIRTS in wool crepe, three shades, White, Grey, and Sand, while they last $3.75

SLEEVELESS SWEATERS
A beautiful selection to choose from. Priced at $2.50

GIRLS' DRESSES
In Gingham and Chambray, and very moderate in price. Sizes 6 to 12 .. $1.50

CHILDREN'S DRESSES
Black Satin, with Bloomers to match. Sizes 2 to 5 ..... $1.00

GIRLS' KHAKI BLOOMERS
Just the thing for the holidays. Sizes 4 to 12 ..... $1.25

KHAKI MIDDIES
To match the bloomers. They complete the outfit. Sizes 6 to 14 $1.59

BOYS' WOOL SUITS
We have a nice selection in all sizes. Priced from $1.00

'PHONE 359 **McINTOSH BROS.** NAPANEE BRANCH

OLD CIVILIZATION.

Bertram Windle Talks of Early [illegible] Ethnology."

[illegible] an interesting and unusual series of popular lectures on "Ethnology," Sir Bertram Windle dealt with three of the oldest civilizations on the American Continent in his address at Toronto.

Two of these were definitely military, and in regard to the race resisting in Mexico, to which he first addressed his remarks, he related the nature of their laws, which, in their confliction with those of present-day civilizations, bore unusual interest. Every man and woman of this clans which made up this race had to work and marry or else be subjugated into the state of slavery. Adultery, theft of gold and silver, homicide, and the wearing of garments of the opposite sex—a pleasant lark on our Hallowe-en nights—was punishable by death. These people worshipped a great number of gods, Sir Bertram said.

Another race were people of South America, who were sturdy round-headed in their physical characteristics. A very peculiar conjecture of theirs was that the sun was swallowed each night by the earth, giving no thought, of course, to how it disgorged it again, or how many suns decked the planetary system. If this was a distorted theory, they held one which possessed a tangible relation to reality, and actually entered into the course of their practical lives—this was the distortion of the head by bandaging it to a board in childhood, with the result that it was grievously deformed at maturity.

The Spanish conquest came at the height of the power of these people, whom they subjected to a remarkable organization, though they were truly a formidable military race. Their stone-carving is unsurpassed in the world to-day, and they did excellent work in pottery as well, the lecturer said. They had a feeling of art, and the power of expressing it, but this artistic culture, the speaker said, was not incompatible, in their case, with brutality and base ferocity. They had a command over a systematic order of activity like the intelligent bee, but they also demonstrated the frantic and wild activity of the bustling ant, Sir Bertram said in conclusion.

Trust a Woman to Hit Back.

Mr. Arthur Lismer, vice-principal of the Ontario College of Art of Toronto, tries always to impress his pupils to get the big fundamentals of a drawing or design correct. This, of course, is the hardest thing for a beginner as they simply will not be satisfied, no matter how out of proportion a drawing is, until they have each eyelash in what they consider its proper locality.

"Get the swing and proportion right, any fool can fill in the details," is Mr. Lismer's motto.

He had just finished criticizing the drawing of one sub-deb of seventeen or so, who had succeeded, to his satisfaction, in achieving the setting up of a drawing. He was just leaving her after expressing his approval when he noticed her frowning.

"What's the matter?" he asked.

"I can't seem to get any farther with it," she pouted sweetly.

"Why you've already done the hardest part; any fool can do the details," he encouraged.

She stood there perplexed, very sweet but very uncertain. Then looking up and seeing Mr. Lismer still standing watching her she naively said: "I wish you'd show me how, Mr. Lismer."

RODNEY GETS $10,000

[illegible] FOR [illegible] FLO[illegible] TILLA AT HAVRE IN 1759.

Lord Nelson's Heirs Also Receive a Pension of $25,000 a Year—Rodney's Heirs Have Received $1,400,000 and Nelson's $3,000,000—Some Queer Pensions.

Should Lord Rodney, who is farming near Fort Saskatchewan, receive that £42,000 with which it is proposed that the British Labor Government shall commute his £2,000 perpetual annuity, a certain Toronto man hopes that the farmer peer will present him with a brand new sixteen-shilling hat. The Torontonian who voyaged out from England last spring on the same ship as Lord and Lady Rodney and their two little sons, thinks that one of the youngsters threw his, the Torononian's chapeau overboard in a playful moment. Lord Rodney emphatically denied the imputation, so there you are. Here, be it said, that the £2,000 per annum which the Alberta farmer receives because his ancestor, the first Lord Rodney, wiped out the French fleet nearly 150 years ago, and the £5,000 pension which the present Lord Nelson gets because his great-great uncle, the first Lord Nelson, the hero of Trafalgar, saved the day for England, are the only two annuities of their kind.

A good-looking soldierly chap of 32, nine-eighth Baron Rodney has an ancestry stretching back to Norman times. One of his forebears, Sir Richard de Rodeney, was slain at Acre while helping Richard Coeur de Lion win back the Holy Sepulchre. The present peer fought in France as captain in the Second Dragoons and the Scots Greys. So did his three younger brothers, one of whom was killed in action and another of whom, the Hon. Charles, married a Whitby girl, Miss Gladys Greenwood, sister of Sir Hahar, is therefore, brother-in-law to Mrs. Harry Moore, of Toronto.

Even in the palmy days of 1881, the Rodneys were not rich. A roll of the great estates in that year shows the seventh baron possessed of only 6,569 acres in Herefordshire, Sussex and Hants, bringing in a rent roll of £7,540 a year. Not much as estates of the titled go in England. Doubtless the war has bit him hard with its taxes and induced the younger peer to forsake the lovely English countryside for the bleaker, but more promising banks of the Saskatchewan, whose rich black earth will yield a fat return of wheat. Canada is getting used to farmer peers. Lord Minto and another nobleman own ranches close to the Prince of Wales. Lord Hyde and his brother-in-law, Lord Somers, once worked a farm near Picton. Years ago the late Earl of Shannon, while still Lord Boyle and punching cattle on the plains, sat in the old Assembly of the Northwest Territories as the duly elected first M.L.A. for Southern Alberta.

Perhaps the most interesting thing about the rather fleeced young farmer baron of Alberta, whose wife is a grand-daughter of Lord Lonsdale and whose prairie estate lies about 100 miles north of Prince Erik's dairy farm, is the story of his ancestor, the admiral. In 1759, about the time Wolfe was advancing on Quebec, Rodney bombarded Havre and destroyed the flotilla prepared for the invasion of England. In 1780 he defeated Langara's fleet off Cape St. Vincent, captured the French commander and relieved Gibraltar. Finally, in 1782, he smashed de Grasse's armada, capturing the flagship of 110 guns, three other ships of 74 guns and two of 64 guns, to say nothing of a three-decker sunk and several more taken later. The French lost 3,000 killed and double that number wounded, and the big fight, terminating in the Peace of Versailles, ended the French war and practically the American Revolution.

Then did the King create Rodney a baron, and a grateful Parliament voted the admiral £2,000 a year to him and his heirs forever. It was in 1806 after the great Nelson had been buried with pomp in St. Paul's close to Rodney's tomb that Parliament again showed its gratitude by conferring a perpetual pension of £5,000 a year on Nelson's parson brother, who inherited the admiral's peerage. Since then the Rodney's heirs have drawn some $1,400,000, and the Nelson's almost $3,000,000.

Perpetual or hereditary pensions date back to Charles II., who, needless to say, conferred them upon some very undeserving persons. In 1887 Charles Bradlaugh, M.P., protested so strongly in the House of Commons against the payment of some of the pensions that a committee was appointed to investigate them. A list of all those in force in 1881 was then published with some interesting explanations of their origin. Many had even then been redeemed. In 1884 the £4,000 granted to the great Duke of Marlborough and his heirs forever was commuted for a lump sum of £107,780.

Charles II.'s grant to his illegitimate son, the Duke of Grafton of £8,360 during Baron Rodney has an ancestry stretching back to Norman times. One of his forebears, Sir Richard de Rodeney, was slain at Acre while helping Richard Coeur de Lion win back the Holy Sepulchre. The present peer fought in France as captain in the Second Dragoons and the Scots Greys. So did his three younger brothers, one of whom was killed in action and another of whom, the Hon. Charles, married a Whitby girl, Miss Gladys Greenwood, sister of Sir Hahar, is therefore, brother-in-law to Mrs. Harry Moore, of Toronto.

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Job Printing

The equipment in our Job Department is absolutely the best procurable. We have everything necessary for the production of High-Class Printing of every description, and can give you prompt delivery.

All our work absolutely guaranteed.

ROUND 4
SALES BOOK FIGHT

WE ARE SETTING THE PRICES OF SALES BOOKS IN CANADA

Books are now selling at 75% below former rates.

Single Carbon Leaf Books 2½c. each.
Carbonized Duplicate Books 2½c. each.

Open bottom Styles—Standard size and quality. Folded Styles at slightly higher rates. Prices listed are for 1000 books, lower rates on larger quantities.

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We also handle Loose Leaf Ledgers and all supplies necessary for Loose Leaf Systems.

THE EXPRESS PRINTING HOUSE,
John Street,
Napanee, - Ontario.

Too Fast.

The plaintiff, a Mexican, was talking as fast as his knowledge of English would permit.

Suddenly he chanced to notice the court stenographer, and observed that the man was taking down everything he said: Whereupon he began to talk faster and faster. Finally he threw up his hands in despair and cried:

"Don't write so fast; I can't keep up with you."

Wireless Travels Fast.

A "listener-in" 200 miles from a broadcasting station hears the notes of a singer sooner than those standing in the transmitting-room. This is because wireless waves travel faster than sound waves.

Thomas D. Smith, aged sixty-seven, is dead at Leroy, N.Y. He was a Canadian. One son, John, resides on Amherst Island, and two brothers, John and Charles Smith, live in Kingston.

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

WILSON'S - HARDWARE

Haying-Time Necessities

—Pure Manilla Horse Fork Rope.
—Horse Forks.
—Cars, Slings.
—Scythes, Snaths.
—Hay Forks.
—Section Rivets.
—Plymouth Binder Twine.

Beekeeper's Supplies !
Sections, section comb, smokers, Queen includers, bee escapes.
WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Repairs.
Winter weather requires good boots. Bring in those old ones and have them repaired.
SEYMOUR BROS.,
Near Post Office.

Sills' Motors.
Service on all cars. Work guaranteed. We are installing new work shop equipment for time and labor saving, giving greater satisfaction to our customers. Genuine Ford parts. Formerly Lennox Garage.

Wallace's Sell
Highest grade Separator Oil, 25c. quart ; new Electric Louse Powder 35c. a lb. ; 6 lbs. Epsom Salts for stock 25c. ; 6 lbs. Sulphur Salt Petre 25c. ; 6 lbs. Sulphur 25c. ; Walladerma (Winter Balm) 25c. a bottle ; Glycerine and Rose Water 15c. bottle ; 2 oz. Blaud's Improved Iron Pills 25c. Everything fresh and good at WALLACE'S.

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138.

The Market Grocery.
Fresh fruit and vegetables, staple and fancy groceries, Certo, heavy fruit jar rings, zinc bands, grape juice, lime juice, Coco Cola, Ginger Ale, Orange Crush, sardines, herrings, salmon, anchovy paste, mushrooms, potted meats, cooked ham, sterilized old cheese. Always use Thompson's special blends in Teas, Coffees and Cocoas.
THOMPSON BROS.,
Quality Grocers.

Berry boxes for sale.
WILSON'S HARDWARE.

MORE SAFETY.
More safety and fewer accidents is a great need of this country. There are two many preventable accidents on the streets, in the homes and in industry. In this Province alone industry pays, through the Compensation Board, an annual tax of about six million dollars on accidents and this is only part of the loss, for the employer and employee alike suffer every time there is an accident involving loss of time. Safety is largely a habit of mind and like other habits can be acquired. "Think-ing safety" will, therefore, produce safety, so that both management and workers should give thought to accident prevention to the end, that the awful toll in human suffering and the very considerable sums of money lost may be reduced to a minimum.
More safety is a reasonable demand of industry in this country and is a demand which both workers and executives will support.

11-3-m

At H. W. KELLY'S grocery you can get : Pure Lard 15c. per lb. ; shortening 17c. per lb. ; pure cocoa, 10c. a lb. ; good sized Oranges 25c. per doz. ; Lemons 20c. doz. ; 2 lbs. Seedless Raisins 25c. ; 2 lbs. Prunes 25c. ; 2 lbs. Apricots 35c. ; Corn Flakes 5c. For good, pure Coffee, try 1 lb. It will convince you. We grind while you wait.
CAMPBELL HOUSE CORNER.

F. C. MARTIN & SON

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND UNDERTAKERS

Parlors and Office :
Dundas St., Napanee

A motor ambulance has been purchased and is available when required, day or night.

Office Telephone No. 74.
Residence Telephone No. 375

F. C. MARTIN & SON.
Successors to Hambly & Ming.

24-6m

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.
List your sales with me.
H. W. GALLAGHER.
Phone 10 ring 1-3,
Adolphustown.

11-3-m

CLEAN-UP

This is the proper season for a general clean-up.
Destroy all rubbish which might cause fires.
Also be sure

YOUR INSURANCE

is ample and in a reliable company.
Consult
HARSHAW & SON
Insurance Agents,
NAPANEE, ONT.

Removing !

We are this week removing our place of business

To Normile's Garage

on East Street

where we will be pleased to see all our old customers and any new ones.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
RADIO SETS AND SUPPLIES
Auto Electric Service Station

E. F. SMITH,

Official Examiner for Chauffeur's Licenses.
'Phone 264.
EAST STREET, - NAPANEE.

Dairy Supplies.
Milk Cans (8 gallons) Dairy Pails, Pans, Creamers, etc., always in stock. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

PINE LUMBER FOR SALE

In all thicknesses and dimensions. Also Hardwoods, Slabs and Stovewood.

After January 10 we will do **CUSTOM SAWING** at our water power Grist Mill

AT MILLHAVEN

Phone 14 Napanee, or Bath Central.

M. R. MIDMER

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

9.30—Class meeting
10.30 a.m.—Morning service.
11.45 —Sunday School and Adult Classes.
7.00 p.m.—Evening service, Wednesday, 7.45—Prayer and praise.
Remember Sunday School Excursion July 17th.

12th of July.
Hot Inners served at the Salvation Army Hall. Tickets 50c.

Orchard Party at Selby.
Reserve Wednesday evening, July 9th, to come to the Orchard Party at Selby. A very pleasant evening is promised to each and every one. 30-3

Card of Thanks.
Mrs. C. W. Guess and sons desire to convey to the friends and neighbors their heartfelt thanks for the many kindnesses received during their recent bereavement.

Kaladar Hotel Sold.
Mr. H. E. Saul, of Kaladar, has sold his hotel to Mr. Vulkniff, of Marlbank, who will take possession immediately. Mr. and Mrs. Saul will reside at Northbrooke.

May Be Governor.
A. W. Haycock, M.P.P., son of J. L. Haycock, of Adolphustown, and the only Canadian Labor member of the British Parliament, has been mentioned in connection with the vacancy of the governorship of Tasmania.

Grade Church S. S. Excursion.
Grace Church S. S. will run their annual excursion, per Str. Brockville, to 12 O'clock Point, and Deer Isle, on Thursday, July 17th. Boat leaves the Reindeer dock at 8 o'clock. Fare, $1.00. Pack your baskets and enjoy a delightful day's sail. Tickets on sale at Hooper's Drug Store, and Wiseman's Garage.

Sheep are Popular.
Sheep seem to be more in favor at the present time than some other classes of live stock. A number of farmers intend increasing the size of their flocks. Wool prices are satisfactory and lambs have sold well this spring. Farmers who have recently installed modern cement dipping tanks are Cyrus Miller, Geo. W. Lucas and Alva Emberley. Demonstrations in sheep dipping were conducted by E. D. McGreer, of the Dominion Live Stock branch, and Alex. Rowland, Agricultural Representative.

The Late C. W. Guess.
Chas. W. Guess, a well-known and highly respected resident of Napanee, passed away on Tuesday, of last week, after an illness of several weeks. C. Guess was a former resident of Harlington and after retiring from farming about twenty-five years ago moved to Napanee. He was a [illegible] and a warm friend, who will [illegible] his passing. Besides his widow he leaves three sons, Messrs. Harry Guess, New York ; Geo. Guess, Oakville, and Bruce Guess, Toronto. The funeral took place on Wednesday from his late residence to Riverside cemetery.

GERMAN MACHINE GUN FOR AMHERST ISLAND.

Official word has been received from the Director of War Memorials, Ottawa, by Rev. James Cumberland, who was for forty years pastor at Amherst Island, that the Canadian Government has awarded the municipality of Amherst Island a German machine gun and a German machine gun, captured by the 13th Battalion, C.E.F., on September 27th, 1918, east of Sains-Lez-Marquion.

This distribution is made to Amherst Island in accordance with the distribution of war trophies by the Canadian Government and they are awarded under the usual conditions. The municipality of Amherst Island is very grateful for receiving these trophies and Rev. Mr. Cumberland was loud in his praise of the work done by Gen. A. E. Ross in securing these for the municipality of Amherst Island.

New Paint Shop.
Mr. Frank Markle has rented the Symington evaporator building at the foot of West street, and is fixing it up for a paint shop, for cars, motor boats, furniture, etc. Tops and trimmings of all kinds. Work guaranteed. 5-tf

POOL COMPETITION.

The following are the results of the last two games in which Napanee competed, large crowds being in attendance.

Napanee at Belleville.

Belleville.		Napanee.
M. Reid	100	R. Parks.... 60
D. Doran	100	W. Maracle.. 99
M. Donovan	95	E. Loucks... 100
E. Schreiber	86	H. Vanalstine 100
	381	359

Belleville at Napanee.

Belleville.		Napanee.
E. Schreider	87	R. Parks.... 100
D. Doran	100	E. Loucks... 100
M. Reid	99	W. Maracle.. 100
M. Donovan	53	H Vanalstine 100
	286	348

Standing of the Teams.

	Points
Napanee (5 games)	1777
Kingston (4 games)	1555
Desoronto (4 games)	1195
Belleville (3 games)	1055

The game at Napanee on Thursday evening last between Kingston and Napanee, resulted in a win for the Napanee players by 5 points.

Keep a box of Cold Break Ups on hand and the minute you feel a cold coming on commence taking them. Nine times out of ten you will break it up. 25c. a box at WALLACE'S.

DRY CLEANING

No matter how spotted or soiled your garment is, bring it here and let us tell you what can be done with it.

A complete Cleaning, Dyeing and Tailoring Service, capable of handling with care every problem of renovation and repairing.

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
NAPANEE

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilcox, B. A., B. D., pastor.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.
Sunday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.
Thursday, 7.30 p.m.—Midweek service.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :
Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
2.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Shortened Evensong.

PARISH OF SELBY.

Rev. James Hutton, Incumbent.
Sunday, July 6th.—
St. John's, Selby—Matins 10.30 a.m.
St. Jude's Kingsford—Evensong, 2.30 p.m.

DOMINION DAY AT NAPANEE

An unusually large crowd and splendid weather greeted the Dominion Day sports at the driving park on July 1st. The races were filled and the crowd were given good racing for their money.

Two interesting baseball games were also played, Napanee winning from Adolphustown, and Tamworth from Newburgh. The Napanee-Adolphustown was well contested and interesting all through, but the Tamworth-Newburgh game was rather one-sided.

THE RACES

2.18 Class

Purse, $100.				
Dan Patch	1	1	1	
Cherished Life	2	2	2	
Dan Patchette	4	1	3	2
Directum Murphy	3	4	4	3
Nicholson, Kingston	3	4	2	3
Fred Patch, R. Aylesworth, Cataraqui	2	3	4	4

Best time 2.19¼

2.50 Class

Amdester, R. F. Patterson, Kingston	4	1	1	1
Billy Murphy, C. Randall, Napanee	1	2	2	2
Peter Direct, Robt. Grange, Napanee	2	4	7	6
Maude W. Ellis, Gananoque	6	3	3	7
Tomawanda, W. S. Munroe, Picton	5	8	5	3
Myrtle R., Geo. Pratt, Lansdowne	9	5	4	4
Spring Day, S. Watson, Cobourg	8	6	6	5
Daisy Patch and Little Goldie also started.				

Best time, 2.29¼.

Free-For-Al.

Amardale, F. Johnston, Belleville	1	1	1	
Day Spring, A. Dafoe, Belleville	2	2	3	
Lord Grattan, De. Benson, Belleville	3	3	2	

Best time, 2.14¼.

2.30 Class

Cy Winger, W. Elmhurst, Indian River	1	4	1	
Lillian Patch, S. Watson, Cobourg	2	2	2	
Maude Murphy, W. York, Tamworth	3	3	3	
Kitty Wilk, J. E. Seguin, Kingston	5	4	4	

Best time, 2.29¼.

Bring your own can and try DAVY & ALLISON'S special Fly Oil at 75c. per gallon, will not burn or blister.

WGY.

The General Electric Company broadcasting station at Schenectady, N.Y., offered the use of a series of eight concerts by the Goldman Band, of New York, Saturday evening, July 5, at 7.15 o'clock, Eastern standard time. The band of sixty musicians, conducted by Edwin Franko Goldman, played at The Mall, Central Park, New York and WGY will be connected by wire to the control room of WJZ in New York. The latter station will also broacast this and other concerts of the Goldman organization. This, the seventh season of the Goldman band in New York, began June 2, and will be continued for a period of twelve weeks. The concerts are the gift of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim and Mr. and Mrs. Murray Guggenheim for the benefit and enjoyment of "the people." For five years, under the direction of Mr. Goldman, this band played a summer series of concerts at Columbia University and last year began their series at the Stadium here. During the summer of 1923 sixty concerts were given to audiences of from 15,000 to 25,000. At the final concert over 45,000 people were present.

Going Fishing ?
Drop in and look over our attractive line of fishing tackle. A special line of artificial baits and lures, guaranteed to catch the big ones.
WILSON'S HARDWARE.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. R. Tanton, Pastor.

Union services, St. Andrews and Trinity.
Preaches for July, Rev. A. J. Wilson.
Services as follows :
July 13—Trinity Church.
July 20—St. Andrews Church.
July 27—Trinity Church.

Harley Dewart Dead.
H. Hartley Dewart, K.C., one of the most brilliant and distinguished members of the Canadian Bar, and at one time Leader of the Liberal party in Ontario, died Monday evening at his summer home, Brookdale, near Uxbridge. He had been ill since a week ago Thursday. Mr. Dewart was regarded by the legal profession as having attained to the position of one of the most eminent counsel in Canada, and his death will be a great loss to the Bar of this Province and the Dominion at large. His early elevation to the Bench was looked for following his appointment as one of the legal authorities named by the Dominion Government to revise the statutes of Canada.

BASEBALL AT NAPANEE

CIRCLE 6, OF KINGSTON
vs.
GIBBARD'S OF NAPANEE

Napanee Driving Park
WEDNESDAY, JULY 9TH
at 3 p.m. sharp

Come and Spend the afternoon at the Park and help the ball team.

TICKETS, 25c.

WOMAN'S SANCTUARY.

Big Modern Hotel Has Floor For "Ladies Only."

In the Old Country on the trains they have compartments which are marked "Ladies Only," and woe betide the poor male who finds himself in one, if he is over the age of seven. If he is not killed by the scornful looks of the fair sex he will be likely thrown out with out ceremony by the guard. Similarly, in the case of places like the Y.W.C.A., hat stores and beauty parlors, more man is supposed to stay outside.

Now a new woman's sanctuary has been added to what at first sight seem the least likely of places to find it—a big modern hotel. This, too, in the days when there is so much talk of the equality of the sexes and when woman is more and more entering man's domain in business, sport, politics and the many other spheres in which the so-called superior sex was for so long supreme.

Last October the King Edward Hotel, Toronto, decided to make the tenth floor of its new building entirely a woman's floor. And, according to Miss Kathleen Jenkins, the hotel's social secretary, who is supervisor of this woman's sanctum as [illegible] the idea is proving a great success, and the number of women guests is increasing [illegible] the increasing patronage of women guests.

Though Miss Jenkins maintains that this is in no sense of the word a nunnery or a Y.W.C.A., yet here on the tenth floor of the hotel, above the sounds of the city, is a place where woman may withdraw from the rude contacts of the everyday world. Here is never heard the harsh, rough sound of male voices raised in song or argument. Here there is never a poker game far into the morning in the room next door. Here a jolly fellow never comes along the corridor at 2 a.m., telling the world that his room number is shix-teen-forty-six, but that can't find his key. Here is never, at least scarcely ever, the smell of tobacco smoke.

The men may, of course, smoke in their rooms, Miss Jenkins declares or in the little sitting room on the floor if they wish, but the hotel has not thought it necessary to provide a smoking room for women on this woman's floor even in these days, when the women and to be increasingly devotees of My Lady Nicotine. Of course, any woman who so desires has the privilege of smoking, but so far there has been no room. Though matches and ash trays are not provided in the women's rooms.

Such is the only floor of its kind devoted exclusively to women in a Canadian hotel and the second only in the world. The other one is in the Hotel McAlpine, New York.

One lady who rather haughtily scorned the idea of being considered a weak female has since written saying that she is coming back to Toronto and asking that reservation be made surely for her on the woman's floor. She has become tired of having her rest broken at night in hotels on her travels, and feels that she will get quiet in this feminine retreat. She is no longer too proud to be sequestered.

Two other women guests were also recently asked if they would take accommodation on the woman's floor. The clerk was rather anxious that they should, for the hotel was crowded. But they answered coldly that they were not shrinking violets and had no particular horror of the ordinary hotel contacts.

As luck would have it, the only rooms he could give them were on a low floor, and that night there was a big dance on in the hotel. From two o'clock in the morning they got no sleep for two hours with the honking and snorting of cars and the debris of guests, for the cars there were just over the coal chute. And at six in the morning several tons of coal were delivered.

Before breakfast the two ladies were back with the clerk clamoring to be transferred to the tenth floor. They sought quiet.

English Settlement in Quebec.
Premier Taschereau has given his endorsation to a scheme of group immigration for the Eastern Townships that should offer a means to the re-conquest of Quebec province by English-speaking population, not only from the British Isles, but of the particular denomination that might prove most acceptable, under the "nomination immigration plan."

Its Disadvantage.
Kindly Uncle—I suppose you wish that school didn't keep so many hours.
Schoolboy—Yes; when a feller's playing hookey it's hard to put in so much time.

ASSURANCE

THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction. We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

MASTERS-TIERNEY UNDERTAKERS
FULL MOTOR EQUIPMENT
Day 'Phone 67 Night 'Phone 67

REVOLT AGAINST VETO OF SENATE

WHICH KILLED SEVEN BRANCH LINE BILLS—THE PROGRESSIVES ANGRY

Ottawa, July 5.—Indications last night were that there may be precipitated in the Commons next week what may prove to be the first definite lower chamber revolt against the continued exercise of the veto power by members of the Senate. The action of the latter body in slaughtering seven of the twenty-six branch railway line bills—and some others yet await the axe—has roused the anger and resentment of the Progressive group in parliament, as has no other issue since its formation and plans are now being laid whereby the western members may do something by the way of united protest.

STANDARD BANK PRESIDENT DEAD

Toronto, July 5.—Wellington Francis, K.C., barrister and financier, died here yesterday in his seventy-fifth year. He was president of the Standard Bank of Canada, president of the Toronto Mortgage Company, vice-president of the Consumers Gas Company, and director of the Toronto General Trusts.

FRANCE GIVEN JUST REPARATION, WILL WORK FOR PEACE AMONG THE NATIONS.

Paris, July 2.—Premier Herriott has sent a telegram to the congress of the League of Nations Societies in session at Geneva, in which he says : "France, cruelly wounded in the recent years, asks only for reparation for the damage she has suffered, but once that result has been obtained, she will devote all her democratic traditions and her generous preoccupation than to contribute with all her force to the organization of a sincere and lasting peace between the nations."

H. & H. English White Paint for inside use covers so much more space and gives so much better finish that it pays to use it. One coat is equal to two of the ordinary brands. For sale at WALLACE'S.

DENBIGH.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Bebee, of North Bay, formerly esteemed citizens of Denbigh, and their family, accompanied by Miss Anna Lowe, who has been attending school at North Bay, have arrived to renew old acquaintances and are welcome guests of the latter's father, Mr. Jas. Lane.

Rev. and Mrs. C. F. Christianson and family, of Toronto, have also gathered for a visit to friends and former neighbors and are welcome guests of the latter's father, Mr. A. Fritsch.

The Misses Alma, Anna and Emma Kliem, of Cleveland, Ohio, are also enjoying a pleasant visit with their parents and other relatives and friends.

Visitors of Mrs. M. Ready are her sons, Arthur, of Toronto, her daughter, Frances, of Kingston, and her nephew, Mr. Wm. Ready, of Renfrew.

Among other visitors are : Mr. E. Marquardt's, their daughter, Katie, of Clontarf ; at C. Stein's, their daughter, Anna, of Cloyne ; at F. Rodgers', their daughter, Lillian, of Ardock.

Misses Gladys and Olive Stein and Miss Clara Rodgers have left for Sharbot Lake to attend the summer Model School there.

The picnic held on Dominion Day in R. Fritsch's grove was a great success and was favored by very fine weather and a large number of outside visitors. The proceeds are intended to go toward completing the new Methodist Passonage.

The condition of Mr. John Stein, who for many years has been a sufferer of severe rheumatic pains, has become worse, and he was taken to Kingston General Hospital on Friday.

Mr. Wm. Greer, for over sixty years an esteemed citizen of Denbigh, passed peacefully away last Wednesday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. G. Adam, at the ripe old age of 84 years. His burial took place on Saturday afternoon.

Dr. Ralph Aylesworth

Eye Specialist, of Trenton

Will be in his office, at Wallace's Drug Store, EACH SATURDAY.

Make your appointments early.

Hours : 9 a.m. till 5 p.m.

Write, 'phone or call.

WONDERLAND

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Deep in the timber country of California, Tom Mix, a company of actors and mechanical forces lived for two months during the making of "EYES OF THE FOREST." According to advance reports of this William Fox production, the sacrifice, if such it was, was worth the effort. Having pioneered in almost every field of daring, Mix will now make his bow as a full-fledged aviator.

Also a good comedy.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

"POTASH AND PERLMUTTER," a First National picture, produced by Samuel Goldwyn, which contains one scene which for emotional appeal has never been surpassed on the screen. Abe Potash and Morris Perlmutter, partners in a clothing factory, had pooled all their resources to obtain the release on bail of Morris, an employees, who had been arrested on a charge of attempted murder.

Also a 2-reel comedy.

Saturday, July 12th, show will run continuously from 12 o'clock.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

Four of a kind are hard to beat. You saw the "Three Keatons" in vaudeville years ago. Now come and see the "Four Keatons," Master, Talmade and Natalie Keaton and Baby Buster in "OUR HOSPITALITY. Love, adventure and tense drama with a hilarious comedy finish.

Also a special Comedy.

Black's 5-piece Orchestra every Wednesday night.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

CAMDEN EAST

The past week has been a very fine growing time. Everything looks fine.

Mr. John D. Curle, of Mines City, Manitoba, spent a couple of days in the village with his brother-in-law, Mr. Geo. Riley, and family.

Miss Bessie Smith, of Napanee, spent last week-end with her friend, Mrs. Claude Hinch, and attended the lawn social and dance in the Parish Hall on Monday evening, returning home on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John McGarvey, and Mr. and Mrs. Alva Emberley, and Thora, of Bicknell's Corner's East, spent Sunday last with their mother, Mrs. Emily Macdonald.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Hartman, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. F. Snider, motored to Violet Sunday last to visit friends.

Mr. Geo. Babcock beat the record for raising chickens. He set a White Wyandotte hen on eighteen Black Minorca eggs and she brought out nineteen chicks, all well and healthy.

Kill the Bugs ! !
Use Arsenate of Lead, an insecticide of first quality. Death to the bugs, food for the plant.
WILSON'S HARDWARE.

WILTON.

The lovely rains have improved the appearance of our valley to no end. This part of the country certainly looks fine. The gardens are wonderfull ; berries plentiful. The farmers are rejoicing over the appearance of the crops.

The Methodists of this place are preparing for a lawn social in the near future.

L. Ruttan has purchased a valuable home in Yarker, where he intends moving shortly. His son, Byron Ruttan, will go to the nice home vacated by his father. The girls soft ball team was reorganized and are now ready to win or lose every game.

The Misses Lonsdale, Toronto, are visiting at Sperry Shibley's.

Mrs Hannah Stover spent a few days recently in the city.

Mr. Ernest Lane has slipped and fractured a bone in his heel, is still going on crutches.

Our high school students, ten in number, came off very successfully in their examinations at Odessan.

The directors of the cheese factory are busy installing a new steel whey tank. The Wilton chees factory is doing a thriving business.

The W.M.S. of the Presbyterian church, met at the home of Mrs. R. Lapum on Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Haslett, Peterboro, spent Sunday last at his father's.

Stuart Simmons is improving the appearance of his home by building a fine verandah.

Miss Hamilton, who has been ill for some time, is not much improved.

Indian (explaining accident)—"Drive out big car. Buy gas. Buy moohshine. Fill up on both. Step on gas. Trees and fence go by heap fast. See big train coming down road. Turn out to let bridge pass. Bang ! Here I am."

SCIENTIFIC REFINING.

Wife—"Why not ask some one where we are ?"
Hubby—"What difference does it make ? Five minutes from now and we won't be anywhere near here."

A. E. PAUL,
Clerk 1st Division Court
INSURANCE.
Office :
OVER HENRY'S BOOKSTORE.

Milk In Old London

The other day when a brewery member of the British House of Commons rose from his seat and declared that he was going to have the milk supply investigated, Lady Astor leaned over and ironically patted the hon. gentleman's back. While this little episode may merely have been a sniff between the wets and drys in which the beer manufacturer had no intention of carrying out his threat, it serves to remind one that London's method of supplying milk would never pass muster in large Canadian cities. Citizens whose memories can carry them back to the late eighties when Alderman Blackwell, the now eminent English novelist lived in Toronto and was a partner in the Islington dairy, will remember the crude mode of milk distribution at that epoch. Toronto was supplied by innumerable small dairies with fancy names. Milk contained in huge cans was carried about the city in carts. The milk man announced his arrival by ringing a brass hand bell.

At the sound housewives would run out with jugs or pails, which the the milkman would fill from a little measure which he dipped down into the big cans. If he called bettimes in the morning, milk was deposited in small receptacles left out for the purpose. Of course like so many other things a disease breeder, and countless cases of diptheria, tuberculosis, scarlet fever and other maladies originated in milk infected at the stable or in its transition to the consumer. Medical science has made great strides in a generation and for many years Toronto's milk supply has been pasteurized, the cows and surroundings subjected to periodical inspection and the lacteal fluid delivered in sanitary sealed bottles. For all that it has milk regulations. London lags or did very recently lag sadly in these matters, and Canadian visitors are amazed to see milk in the world's metropolis still delivered in metal cans from a push cart, still ladled out with a measure, still impregnated with quantities of preservatives. Yet London is a healthy city so far as malignant diseases are concerned.

London, situated nearly 480 miles closer to the north pole than Toronto, has a short winter day. In December and January, at least, the sun is a pale yellow orb far in the south, whose rays make a feeble attempt to penetrate the muggy, London-laden atmosphere. The deadly chill of a London winter strikes to the very marrow of Canadian bones in the heaviest clothes fall to quite keep one warm. Even so, life would be bearable were the newcomer able when he came to the street to return to properly heated room. In the Old Country central heating is chiefly confined to big buildings, shops, larger hotels, office buildings, clubs and mansions of the rich—and even then is generally inadequate. Bedrooms with a coil are rare indeed if not unknown. Hence the Canadian visitor shivers in the vault-like atmosphere of his chamber and chatters in the draughty passages. As for enjoying a private house a grate fire may blaze in one or two hearths, but the bed and bathrooms will be cold enough with a temperature between 40 and 55.

Ruddy of countenance for the most part Old Country folk don't seem to feel the misery of their unwarmed interior. Women clad in light dresses play bridge in cold rooms. Men sit working in offices whose temperature is enough to bring on pneumonia. They even open windows to make it "fresher." Such people gasp in horror at the idea of hot water heating, especially in bedrooms, and when they visit the American continent suffer like Mrs. Asquith genuine discomfort in hotels fitted with the modern way cars. Nevertheless the cold rooms, the habit of never wearing rubbers, and the frequent wearing of boots, are certainly prime factors in the coughs, colds and "flu" epidemics which find a happy hunting ground in London. The wife of an eminent English professor now resident in Toronto confessed to the writer that she had never been what she called really warm hands and feet in winter until she came to live in Canada. A distinguished surgeon returning from a long outing in Toronto to accept a coveted chair from his alma mater, Edinburgh University, immediately installed hot water heating in his home—and hardwood floors.

Old Country folk returning home after a year or two on the American continent feel the chill of their winters as keenly as any visiting Canadian. A Scottish lady, despite the warning of her friends that it was unhealthy, actually had hot and cold water pipes in her old Edinburgh house, and found it cheaper than grates and immensely superior. Central heating is slowly gaining ground in the Old Land, but until it becomes more general the small householder will catch many needless colds and the Canadian visitor in winter time regretfully think of his own home.

Bigs Bells of Japan.

In the grand Todo temple of Chionji at Kyoto, Japan, is suspended the largest bell in the flowery kingdom. It weighs seventy-four tons and was cast in 1633. It is said to take twenty-four men to ring it properly. Also in Kyoto in the Barbusta temple is another huge bell, cast in 1615, and weighing sixty-three tons. Visitors are allowed to sound this bell by paying a small sum. The largest temple bell of Todaiji, at Nara, although ranking only third is the oldest, and perhaps the most interesting of all the bells in Japan. It is 9 feet 3 inches high and nine feet in diameter, but its inferiority to the Kyoto bells is not in visible dimensions so much so in point of weight, for it only weighs 37 tons. It was cast in 733, and is therefore 1,190 years old.

Old Love Festival.

In Scotland and elsewhere at one time St. Valentine's day was the day of the red-letter days of the year —the great love festival, when many quaint customs and curious superstitions were faithfully observed. A hundred years ago, however, it had among young folk a very considerable vogue, possessing, in fact, a significance for youthful hearts which was supposed to have a very direct bearing on their future matrimonial destiny.

Why Valentine's day to choose
A mistress, and our freedom loose.

"HYDRO."

Electricity In Ontario Is Cheapest In the World.

A notable tribute to Ontario's "Hydro" appears in an article upon the coal problem contributed to the Century by Mr. Robert W. Bruere. He thinks that once we waken to the idea that coal is not merely coal, but gas and electricity, the solution will be in sight. Having urged strongly the giant-power idea, beginning with the conversion of coal to electricity at or near the mines, he says that the general idea of coal is in much the same state of arrested development as the idea of water power was a generation ago.

In Ontario, Mr. Bruere writes, the application of the new idea of water as electricity as against the traditional idea of water as mere weight has transformed a sparsely settled province into a flourishing Commonwealth of closely knit co-operating municipalities, and he adds:

"The lowest net rate for electricity in Toronto is nine-tenths of a cent. The little town of Windsor, two hundred and forty-eight miles from the power stations at Niagara, gets its electricity both for residence and commercial uses at about three cents a kilowatt hour. In the community in which I live within the metropolitan district of New York, one hundred miles from the anthracite fields, and about the same distance from the rich bituminous-coal fields of Pennsylvania that Windsor is from Niagara, pays 14 cents a kilowatt hour for its electricity. A friend living in Washington, District of Columbia, recently visited the little city of Niagara Falls, Ont. His bills kept accounts. During the month of July she had used 334 kilowatt hours, which cost her $4.85. Later in the incidence, he found when he returned home that he himself had used exactly 334 kilowatt hours in December. His bill in Washington had been $23.18.

"The difference in the cost means, as Mr. Bruere are perfectly aware, that Ontario most of the people can afford to use electricity for all manner of household purposes, whereas in his own community they can afford sparingly dependent upon coal, "we count ourselves fortunate to be able to have electricity for lighting only."
—Toronto Globe.

Ottawa Members at Play.

Members of Parliament at play, and particularly the buoyant, boisterous French-Canadian members, would probably make a fine spectacle for the voters if the scene were made visible. It is often said of a big, energetic man: "He works while he works and plays while he plays." The Main of Many words is cleared for them only by heavy play and violent fun-making. "Lucien," writing in the Vancouver Province, recalls interestingly some of the early characters at Ottawa:

In general, it may be said that the French-speaking Ministers get more enjoyment out of public life and find it less absorbing and oppressive than their colleagues. It leaves with them more room for other things. They are better able to forget their public cares and abandon themselves to the diversions of the moment. On the average, French members are better at fun in school than their English associates. They are able to learn from Horace. Thales not disdain to play ball. Even one of them who said that he had spent a fortnight in Toronto on a recent Sunday afternoon.

We are all inclined to remember Cartier as the leading French-speaking Father of Confederation. He is attributed to him the part of a farseeing and broadminded statesman, who declared that the last shot for the defense of Canada would be fired by a Frenchman. Not so many have heard the account of the little parties at his house on Metcalfe street, Ottawa, where the French members used to gather to sing chansons and act little plays, where on a long bench a dozen valiant singers, using as oars brooms, mops, coal shovels, pokers and other articles picked up about the house and garden, would row and sing boat songs far into the night.

There is little doubt that Cartier's house was the noisiest Minister's residence in Ottawa, even in the later days, when his health failing, and some of his ambitions were disappointed. In spite of the merry ways that he had learned at the great and hospitable manor house of his father (the house of seven chimneys), he was unduly sensitive.

Vice-President of the C.P.R.

Mr. William R. MacInnes, vice-president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, died at Hamilton, Ont., on June 7, 1867, the son of the Hon. Donald and Mary Amelia MacInnes, daughter of Sir John Beverley Robinson, Bart., C.B. He received his education in England at the private school of the Rev. J. H. Graham, Hampstead, supplemented by courses at St. Leonards and at Marlborough College.

Mr. MacInnes entered the service of the Canadian Pacific Railway on June 8, 1885, as clerk in the purchasing department at Montreal, and steadily rose until he became vice-president.

Mr. MacInnes was married on January 7, 1895, to Margaret Fisher Cross, daughter of Sir Alexander Cross, Judge of the Court of Queen's Bench, Montreal, and they are the parents of one son and three daughters.

Distinguished Lawyer Goes to Paris.

Jean L. E. Pelissier, K.C., Batonner of the Montreal Bar, after thirty-seven years of legal practice in Montreal, during which time he has attained to the highest honors in his profession, has decided to retire and up his residence in Paris, France.

Born in Yamaska, Que., on June 15, 1864, he received his primary and classical training at Sorel, Nicolet and the Jesuit College of St. Mary's, Montreal.

Mr. Pelissier has always been an active educationalist, and combatted "hyphenating" in Canada, arguing that "Canadian" was a fit title for anyone to be proud of.

As an author, he is known for several publications and treatises on civil and criminal court procedure.

An Eye for Bargains.

"Sire," said the Grand Vizier of a certain Oriental potentate, "I suggest that in the future we buy our automobiles from the Western Company that has just offered us a 30 per cent. discount."

"Good!" said the potentate. "Order a consignment of 500 automobiles, assorted sizes, at once, and tell the company to send us a cheque for the discount by return mail, and the bill will be settled in due course."

THE WHITEST, LIGHTEST 1 LB.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

CONTAINS NO ALUM

EAGLES HUNTING METHODS.

Uses Its Scream to Unnerve the Sea Gull.

Eagles have their shrewd hunting methods, according to an observer in British Columbia. He was digging post-holes at Qualicum Beach when a pair of eagles with a nest in a high dead fir tree became hungry and flew around the ocean shore in search of a meal. They were not hunting, both birds were invariably perched on the highest limbs of the tree on which they had built their home. Singly they soared from their observation point, and circling, mounted high over the ocean, on which large flocks of ducks were feeding. As the eagle arrived over a flock, he spiralled downward in narrowing circles and gradually neared his quarry; then, with a swoop, the shot headlong through the air to bring himself up short when almost touching the water, but the wary waterfowl had dived and disappeared. The eagle evidently was accustomed to such disappointments. He again circled upward and soared over to another flock; again he swooped down without success. To the observer the eagle did not have a chance. The ducks were in their element and had ample time to dive beneath the protecting waters.

It was not fitting that a bird balled as a symbol of supremacy should admit defeat without a struggle, though, no doubt, the high cost of living was a worry to him. He changed his plan of campaign. He arose about twenty feet above the water and from his vantage point followed the ducks as they swam beneath the surface. As a duck came up for air, cruel talons reached down to get him, the duck dived, but he was greater than the desire for a fresh supply of air. In this manner some of the ducks were driven into shallow water close to shore, but still succeeded in getting away. Had the eagle followed one duck and one alone, he would have got his dinner, the multitude of ducks he tried several; thus no particular one was held beneath the surface long enough to be drown. It resembled the considerate action of the Spanish bull-fighters, who, when one of their number is sorely pressed by the bull, render assistance by attracting the bull toward themselves. The ducks unconsciously rendered to one another a similar service.

The eagle, tiring of his efforts, flew toward the place where the work of post-hole digging was being carried on. He espied a sea gull, screamed and swooped upon it. The little bird took wing and endeavored to escape, but fluttered down into the water, frightened beyond power of further movement. It lay perfectly still as the eagle lowered itself, grasped it, and flew to its home in the dead fir.

It is noteworthy that the big bird of prey did not scream when attacking the ducks, which it wished to take unawares, and used its scream to unnerve the sea gull.

Youth Has His Chance.

Life's prizes are still within reach of those of humble birth, meaning or obscure birth. Sir Edmund Walker came from a backwoods farm and never went to college. The recent death of A. H. Smith, president of the New York Central Railway, brought to public notice a man who had begun as a clerk, and, not feeling satisfied, went out with the construction railway laborers and learned the business from the ground up. His advancement was slow, but he finally reached the top. Such cases recall other notable instances of men who have started at the bottom and, through ambition, industry, personal efficiency and thrift, climbed to the top.

Henry Ford was originally a Detroit machinist. Thomas Edison began selling newspapers on trains running out of the same city when twelve years old. Mr. Woolworth began life as a clerk in a store in Waterdown, N.Y. Cyrus H. Curtis, Philadelphia publisher, started his career as a newsboy. E. H. Harriman earned his first money as a clerk in a broker's office. Andrew Carnegie began as a bobbin boy in a Pennsylvania cotton mill. Charles M. Schwab was a clerk in a small store and later became stake-driver for an engineering party. John Wanamaker began his career as an errand boy. James J. Hill clerked in a steamship office.

Alberta Coal.

More than two million tons of Alberta coal were sold to Canadian points outside of the province and to the United States during 1923, according to figures given in the annual report of the Provincial Mines Branch.

The total production of coal for the year is shown at 6,866,923 tons. Of this amount 1,582,798 tons were disposed of for consumption in Alberta, 1,927,732 for other provinces, and 83,857 tons in the United States. To the railway companies 3,110,121 tons were sold.

The total of last year's coal production in the province exceeded that of 1922 by $90,491 tons, according to Dominion statistics based on figures up to 1922. Alberta mines have produced 49,840,510 tons of coal since 1886, which is estimated at a commercial value of $121,715,-815.

JASPER PARK WAPITI SILK

ALLOW HUMAN FRIENDS TO TAKE PHOTOGRAPHS.

Kindness of Superintendent Imported Herd in Zero Blizzard Overcomes Distrust—Wolves, Mountain Lions and Lynx Increase in Great Game Sanctuary.

Four years ago an interesting experiment was tried when a herd of wapiti elk was shipped from Yellowstone National Park in the United States to Jasper Park, Alberta. Eighty-five of the splendid creatures survived the journey and took kindly to their new habitat, but doubt was expressed as to their ability to weather through a Canadian winter. As long as conditions permitted them to range on the southern slopes they managed to keep in excellent condition, but when a bitter northeast blizzard sank the mercury away below zero and whipped the snow into mountainous drifts, it was another matter.

During the severe blizzards of February and March, when everybody else had forgotten the existence of the wapiti, Col. Rogers, the park superintendent, who is almost keenly interested in the animals of the park as if they were his own children, had fears for their safety. With a quantity of wild hay he went out to Cottonwood Slough, where he scattered it about on the snow and had the satisfaction of seeing the timid, wild creatures gather around and consume it with evident relish.

Now they have come to expect it after a spell of rough weather, and keep a scout at a vantage point where the first signs of the coming treat can be observed. In his own unselfish way this important emissary broadcasts the welcome news to the other members of his clan, who waste no time in answering the summons. In fact, so largely has their natural shyness and distrust of man vanished, that they allow the friendly humans who feed them to come to close quarters and even take remarkable photographs of them.

This is the more remarkable when it is remembered that these elk have the huge area of Jasper Park in which to roam, 4,000 square miles, in fact, which make it the largest of the the United States, larger by over a thousand square miles than the great Yellowstone park from which they came. So well have they adapted themselves to their new environment, however, that it is estimated that their number has increased from the original 85 to over 200, and will continue to do so while they are protected from their greatest enemy—man.

Of course, there are other enemies, but the park officials are continually making a war on these, the cougar, mountain lions, lynx and coyotes, which grow to great size in this region. There is no finer species of wild fur in Jasper Park and the natural overflow that is restocking adjacent districts, particularly to those who have such interests at heart.

Racing Reforms in Canada.

It is interesting to note that a Canadian won a $10,000 race in Mexico, at Tia Juana, which is so close to the United States border that when in the rough and tumble fighting days of the revolution in Mexico, during which the late Pancho Villa was still a great factor, the battle came near the race track, the people would flee to United States soil for safety.

The place which is pronounced Tia Wana, has become quite a favorite for racing men, and the race which carried the big prize with it, and is called the Tia Juana Derby, was won by Dyer Anderson, a horse owned by J. K. L. Ross, the Canadian Turf King from Montreal.

The Canadian owner, J. K. L. Ross, known as "Commander" on account of services he rendered during the war, and for which he was awarded the C.M.G., is also concerned with considerable work in the carrying out of a plant to reduce the number of race tracks in Eastern Canada, by the elimination of some of the half-mile tracks.

The work is to start in the Province of Quebec and the district of Montreal, where two or three of the smaller tracks are expected to close during the coming season.

Lumber From B. C.

British Columbia's shipment of water-borne lumber to overseas markets totalled 521,707,132 board feet last year against 273,146,800 in 1922, an increase of 91 per cent., according to the Minister of Lands. The most remarkable increase was in shipments through the Panama Canal to the Atlantic coast: 153,231,000 feet, as against 68,787,079 feet in 1922. Shipments to California totalled 329,646 feet, 23,069,425 feet in 1922. Shipments to Australia, 56,949,119 feet in 1923, according to the Australian, 26,640,268 to 36,398,224 feet; New Zealand, 4,516,562 feet to 11,853,-397 feet, and to Great Britain 12,698,-383 feet to 16,201,290 feet.

A Good Disease.

"To what do you attribute your longevity?" asked the reporter.

"My what?" queried the oldest inhabitant.

"Your longevity," repeated the reporter.

"Never had it. As far as I can remember I ain't never had such a complaint."

The three outstanding features of Holland's dairy industry are cleanliness, efficiency and co-operation. Cleanliness is a national trait, efficiency has been developed, and co-operation has been learned and applied through long years of marketing huge surpluses in the face of the keenest competition.

Inefficient cows are in the majority; they compete with one another, and are unprofitable some or most of the time. They are a drag on the best cows, but the latter despite that fact, are money-makers most of the time.

LIVING COSTS.

Freight Earnings on Railways Only 23 Per Cent. Higher.

A recent return of the British Treasury shows that the average cost of living in the United Kingdom is at the present time 70 per cent. more than it was when the war broke out. Despite the clamor over housing, rents have increased less than the cost of food, which is 70 per cent. above pre-war rates, while clothing shows the greatest ratio of increase. One of the chief causes of complaint about these increases has been the steady advance until recently in freight rates on commodities. This is not so in Canada. Here it is estimated that the average increase in the cost of living, as compared with pre-war days, is at the present time about 60 per cent.

In Canada, where commodities for the most part have to be hauled far greater distances than in Great Britain, it would naturally be supposed that higher freight rates would be one of the principal elements in increased living costs. This is not the case. The records of the Canadian Pacific for 1923 are ample to prove that at a time when the general cost of living is 60 per cent. greater than in 1914, freight rates per ton per mile are but 24 per cent. above the pre-war level. The earnings per ton per mile were 75 cents in 1914. They reached the peak in 1921, when they averaged on the C.P.R. $1.19, an increase of 58.6 per cent., and now they are back to 93 cents.

This very remarkable reduction of railway operating costs, as compared with the increase in other elements entering into the cost of living, has been made possible by the employment of larger freight trains more quickly than in the past, with locomotives more economical fuel. The attention time for loading and unloading of cars has also been cut down and the carloads increased, so that a much smaller capital investment in rolling stock will now carry as much freight as in 1914. If all other departments of industry had increased their efficiency during the past ten years to the same degree as the railways, the cost of living would now be about 25 per cent. above the prices of 1914 instead of 60 per cent.

Niagara Falls.

Niagara Falls are divided into two principal parts, separated by an island. The greater division adjoins the left bank, that is, this greater fall is in the province of Ontario, Canada. The crest of this part is curved and is known as the Horseshoe Fall from the form which it came. So well have they adapted themselves to their new environment, however, that it is estimated that their number has increased from the original 85 to over 200, and will continue to do so while they are protected from their greatest enemy—man.

Of course, there are other enemies, but the park officials are continually making a war on these, the cougar, mountain lions, lynx and coyotes, which grow to great size in this region. There is no finer species of wild fur in Jasper Park and the natural overflow that is restocking adjacent districts, particularly to those who have such interests at heart.

Racing Reforms in Canada.

It is interesting to note that a Canadian won a $10,000 race in Mexico, at Tia Juana, which is so close to the United States border that when in the rough and tumble fighting days of the revolution in Mexico, during which the late Pancho Villa was still a great factor, the battle came near the race track, the people would flee to United States soil for safety.

The place which is pronounced Tia Wana, has become quite a favorite for racing men, and the race which carried the big prize with it, and is called the Tia Juana Derby, was won by Dyer Anderson, a horse owned by J. K. L. Ross, the Canadian Turf King from Montreal.

The Canadian owner, J. K. L. Ross, known as "Commander" on account of services he rendered during the war, and for which he was awarded the C.M.G., is also concerned with considerable work in the carrying out of a plant to reduce the number of race tracks in Eastern Canada, by the elimination of some of the half-mile tracks.

The work is to start in the Province of Quebec and the district of Montreal, where two or three of the smaller tracks are expected to close during the coming season.

Lumber From B. C.

British Columbia's shipment of water-borne lumber to overseas markets totalled 521,707,132 board feet last year against 273,146,800 in 1922, an increase of 91 per cent., according to the Minister of Lands. The most remarkable increase was in shipments through the Panama Canal to the Atlantic coast: 153,231,000 feet, as against 68,787,079 feet in 1922. Shipments to California totalled 329,646 feet, 23,069,425 feet in 1922. Shipments to Australia, 56,949,119 feet in 1923, according to the Australian, 26,640,268 to 36,398,224 feet; New Zealand, 4,516,562 feet to 11,853,-397 feet, and to Great Britain 12,698,-383 feet to 16,201,290 feet.

A Good Disease.

"To what do you attribute your longevity?" asked the reporter.

"My what?" queried the oldest inhabitant.

"Your longevity," repeated the reporter.

"Never had it. As far as I can remember I ain't never had such a complaint."

The three outstanding features of Holland's dairy industry are cleanliness, efficiency and co-operation. Cleanliness is a national trait, efficiency has been developed, and co-operation has been learned and applied through long years of marketing huge surpluses in the face of the keenest competition.

Inefficient cows are in the majority; they compete with one another, and are unprofitable some or most of the time. They are a drag on the best cows, but the latter despite that fact, are money-makers most of the time.

Moffat's Electric Range

Ask the Woman who uses one

Hydro Shop

GREATEST LIVING CANADIANS.

The Maple Leaf Names Ten of Canada's Best.

Who are the greatest living Canadians? There may be a wide difference of opinion, but any reasonable form of judgment on the question is of interest. The Maple Leaf, organ of the Canadian Clubs, recently took a survey vote among its readers, and the result is given in the current issue. As the opinion of members of the Canadian Clubs of the country, men and women of maturity and thoughtfulness, the result must have significance.

It is refreshing to find that nearly all of the first ten are men in some form of public service, and the choice of Dr. Banting, discoverer of insulin, the remedy for diabetes, as No. 1 is especially noteworthy. Second on the list is Miss Carman, the poet; next comes Sir Arthur Currie, principal of McGill University, and former commander of the Canadian Corps in the Great War. W. W. Beatty, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, is fourth, and Sir Robert Borden, Premier of Canada during the war, is fifth. Stefansson, world as Rudyard Connor, the novelist, as well as distinguished Presbyterian clergyman in Winnipeg; Sir Gilbert Parker, the novelist, and Sir Charles Tupper

The Outsider

By FLORENCE WARDEN

Author of "The House on the Marsh," "Something in the City," "No. 3, The Square," "The Lovely Mrs. Pemberton," "Our Widow," Etc.

"Because it seems she'll still afraid of being accused of murdering my uncle; so she didn't dare go to Bailey & Blent. She went to the doctor first, to see what he'd say; she could trust him, as he was a friend of the family."

"H'm!" said Lorimer, dubiously.

"Well, Folgate fairly frightened her out of her wits; told her the circumstances were very suspicious, and she'd better hold her tongue and be satisfied with what she'd got; for you know she'd carried off everything valuable and portable that she could lay her hands on at the time of my uncle's death. And he thinks he's said enough to make her shut up. But he thought I ought to know all this, and be prepared for a claim by-and-by. He says she'll be quiet, he thinks, for a time, anyhow, and when she turns up I'm to send for him, and he'll settle her for me again, if he can."

Lorimer sat up, his eyes blazing. "It strikes me, if all this is correct, that your precious doctor is a consummate scoundrel!" said he sharply.

"Very likely," replied Dick, simply. "But I don't care how much of a scoundrel he is as long as he's on my side."

"I shouldn't trust him," said Lorimer, decidedly. "The man who would trick one person would trick another. According to his own showing, as far as I understand the matter, he's frightened this poor woman, for the time at least, into foregoing her own son's lawful claim to his father's property."

"Hush! hush! Confound you! it's my property!" said Dick, uneasily.

"Not legally, if the law is true, whether the woman murdered her husband or not—and nobody seems to think she did—it's plain that wouldn't affect the claim of the child, if the marriage was a legal one. I should like to see that certificate."

"I shouldn't!" said Dick, quickly. "There's nothing I wouldn't see sooner, I can tell you."

"I shall ask him some questions myself."

"I do wish you wouldn't," groaned Dick. "And I won't have him spoken to in the tone you're using to me. It's very good of him to trouble himself about the matter at all, and especially to take this journey on purpose to put me on my guard. And I'm very grateful to him that I am."

"I wonder why on earth he should do it?" said Lorimer, suspiciously.

"Do! why, for the love of Mike!"

"He said he thought it a shame that I should have the fortune snatched away before I'd had time to enjoy it. And he said that he didn't feel as sure that the child's claim was a good one, as he did that mine was."

"H'm!" said Lorimer, again. "And you say he's going on with you to Paris and Monte Carlo?"

Dick nodded his head.

"I—I forget exactly what was said about that," said he. "I suppose I asked him to, and indeed I should be glad to have him, for fear this woman should turn up. But—but I don't suppose he'd come."

"Of course not," said Lorimer, "if he's got any practice worth keeping."

"He's one of the best doctors in Brighton, I understand."

"Then how can you expect him to leave his patients to go dancing over the face of the earth with you?"

"No-o, I suppose I didn't understand," said Dick, with a long face. "Anyhow, we'll ask him about that when he comes. He said he'd look in between nine and ten. And it's getting on for nine now."

"All right. I'll see him too when he comes," said Lorimer, with decision.

"You—you won't offend him, or treat him as you've been treating me?" suggested Dick, making his way reluctantly to the door, with a downcast air utterly different from the defiance he had worn since coming into his fortune.

"I'll be as civil as I can," said Lorimer, with a sort of grunt in his voice which did not sound promising.

So Dick had to retreat with an uneasy heart, while his friend proceeded to shave in the worst of humors.

He had been right, then, in his surmise that the doctor's visit meant mischief; and his prejudice was justified, since it appeared that, on his own showing, the doctor was conniving at a gross injustice to the late Samuel Parkin's child. On the other hand, it seemed scarcely fair to condemn the doctor upon the hazy recollections of Dick Desborough concerning the previous evening. So Lorimer dressed as quickly as he could, in order to be present at the approaching interview.

A sharp ta pat the door from his friend brought him out, and the two went downstairs and found Dr. Folgate, sleek, smiling, with his black hair smoothly brushed and his black eyes twinkling, in the sitting-room.

Dick dashed into the subject in hand as he greeted his visitor.—

"I've told Lorimer all about it, doctor, so you can speak out before him."

The doctor, turned smiling and alert to Lorimer, and held out his hand. The young man, however, was distinctly chilling in his manner of returning this effusive greeting.

"I want to know more about it," said Lorimer, bluntly. "It seems to me a very old story."

"Very old, indeed. So old that I would gladly, for the sake of our young friend here, disbelieve it altogether," said the doctor, lowering his voice to confidential pitch. "But I'm sorry to say I saw the marriage certificate, and though, of course, I've had not time to verify it, she certainly gave me such circumstantial details that I could not doubt the substantial truth of her account."

Lorimer whipped out a pocket-book.

"Now as to these details," said he, "might one have them? The name of the church, the date, and—"

He was interrupted by an angry stamp of the foot from Dick.

"Hang it, no!" cried he. "I don't want any details; I won't have any his going on with him. In that case of course you wouldn't, would you? Neither would I."

"Going—on—with—him!" repeated Carrie, slowly, and fixing a shrewd look upon Lorimer's face. "How can he be? Isn't he a doctor—and in practice?"

"I believe so."

"Well, then, there's something very odd about the whole business, and I certainly don't think it would be right of us, to say nothing of the fact that it would be very foolish to leave poor Dick in his hands."

"You have a very bad opinion of Folgate! It's prejudice, you know it is."

"I daresay. I don't like his face," said Carrie, obstinately.

There was an empty space between these words on each side, and now people in the room were talking together. Lorimer lowered his voice.

"If we all go on, will you—will you change your mind?"

Carrie's face softened into a transcendent sweetness, and the tears gathered in her eyes, but she did not hesitate more than a moment.

"No," said she, in a voice as low as his. "I—I cannot. And—you mustn't ask me again."

Lorimer bent a little nearer to her; he could not believe that she had no feeling for him, for her expression seemed to belie her determined words. But before he could urge another plea, before he could modify his attitude, the door of the room was pushed open, and Dick hurly, flushed, disturbed, slouched into the room.

His face darkened still more when he saw Carrie and Lorimer sitting so confidentially side by side; consequently ill-tempered to them, he flung himself in the chair next to Carrie, and looked defiantly into her face.

"You've had your breakfast, haven't you?" he asked Lorimer, in a surly voice.

"The other took the hint and jumped up.

"Yes," said he. "I'm going to see if I can get a bath at the inn."

And he left Carrie to his friend's mercies. Dick was in such a state of perturbation, between his fears of losing Carrie, his wish to quarrel with her, but munching and muttering, with a face in which half a dozen passions seemed to be trying to express themselves at the same time.

At last he blurted out,—

"You're not going to marry that chap, are you?"

"No," said Carrie, at once.

"Don't care for him, do you?"

"No, I can't say that. I respect him—"

"Oh, respect be hanged! I don't mind that. But you don't care for him—in the other way, do you, now?"

Dick tried to be coaxing, persuasive; but his voice was hoarse, his words were jerked out harshly. Despair, jealousy, misery, anything rather than devoted love appeared in his voice and face.

"I'm not going to marry him," repeated Carrie, firmly. And that was all she would say.

"Well, well, will you marry me?" Carrie started slightly and shook her head.

"But, good heavens! why not? Don't you like me? You pretended to last night—no, not last night, but the night before, when Mr. Kursaal—"

"I do care for you; I do like you very much. But—well, that's not the same thing, any more than with Mr. Seeley."

"Seeley! Oh, Seeley be blowed! Come, you care for me more than Seeley, don't you? Tell me, how can he do for you? What can he give you? A miserable little house in a miserable little suburb, where you'd be wretched together! Oh, I know he's said himself a dozen times he'd never be happy like that, and neither would you. While I—what can't I do, can do! I can buy a yacht, and live in a palace, and give you a carriage, and jewellery fit for a duchess, eh? Eh?"

His passion rose with every sentence, a passion of mingled longing, and despair and rage combined. For as at every phrase she gently shook her head, the idea that she knew he was a ruined man grew upon him more and more strongly, until, as she made a last gesture as if to check any very suggestion from her, he sprang up, with his eyes aflame, and, bending over her, spoke in a thick, harsh voice, "By heaven! You shall see what I can do! I'm not done for yet!"

And, without waiting till she could utter a word in answer, he rushed out of the room.

It was half an hour later than this that Lorimer, at her own request, left Carrie in the great barn-deserted hall of the Kursaal, where half a dozen homely German and Belgian women, the sanitary tenants of the place in the forehoon, were sitting with their knitting in their hands. Carrie wanted to be left alone to think out the problem of the situation in which she found herself, and she dismissed Lorimer without letting him utter a syllable concerning the strange position in which they were all placed.

With her head on her hand, she was sitting near one of the big windows, looking out at the sea, and not noticing anything that went on around her, when she was startled by the sound of someone blundering clumsily and noisily through the intricacies of the groups of little tables and chairs. She looked round quickly, with a very good idea of the origin of this disturbance, she saw Dick Desborough approaching, and his face still flushed, his eyes still blazing, his whole appearance more agitated than before. In each hand he carried a small parcel, and when he had got within a few paces of her, he began to bawl to her, in his usual inarticulate fashion, regardless of the fact that there were strangers, if not very near, at least within earshot.

"Now you'll see whether you won't have anything to say to me!" cried he, in a tone which was as insolent as it was loud. "Now you shall decide whether you like me or Seeley best. Look here, and here, and here!"

And he flung down on the table beside her a case, which he opened to show a magnificent diamond ring. Then, still talking in the same impertinent way about his superior claims to her regard and the reason of them, he opened successively a case containing a splendid bracelet of diamonds and turquoises, and another with a jewelled watch. Carrie turned white as she looked at them.

"What do you think of these?" he asked roughly. "Isn't the man who can give you those worth more than the man who can't? Oh, I know what a girl cares for! The doctor's right! Buy, buy, buy for them, and you can get their affections easily enough! Now do you think I'm ruined? Now do you believe Seeley's stories about me?"

Carrie looked at his face and then at the jewels.

"Isn't he as good-tempered as mamma thinks?" went on Maude, rather to her mother's annoyance.

"Oh, yes," said Carrie, in a reasoned tone, "he's very good-tempered generally. But, as he says, he likes to have everything his own way."

"That's it—spoock of the walk," put in Dick, simply.

"Well, and it's perfectly natural that you should," said Lady Basing. Then for the first time Jean spoke. But she did not join in the general clatter; she came close to Carrie, sat down in the next chair, and said, looking her earnestly in the eyes,—

"Do you think his wife would be a lucky woman?"

Carrie was taken aback, and blushed furiously. The rest had surrounded Dick, so that this question and her answer was unheard by them.

"I really don't know," she said, in a voice as low as Jean's.

Then Jean rose quickly and stole away; for she knew that Jean, of the silent tongue and the shrewd eyes, had pierced through the little mask, and knew that Dick was not her brother.

Outside the Kursaal she met Lorimer, who had been dutifully waiting her pleasure.

"Well, did you have a good long talk?" said he. "Oh, by yourself? You look as if something had disturbed you."

"Something has—a good many things," said she. She showed him Dick's presents with an ostentatious sigh. "He gave me all these; he thinks—oh, I don't know—they must be worth hundreds of pounds."

Lorimer looked at the jewels and then at Carrie in stupefaction mingled with fierce anger. Carrie, who had tried in vain to repress a secret involuntary satisfaction, quailed under his look. Then before he could speak she hastened to add, in a self-conscious and mumbling tone,—

"I didn't want—and I didn't expect them. I had no choice—"

"But you're glad to have them. Don't pretend you're not. I can see it by your face, I can hear it in your voice. Oh, Carrie, I didn't think it of you; I don't understand you. You puzzle one, you disappoint one at every turn."

There was that in his tone which cut the girl to the quick. It was a reproach which she had never dreamed to suspect indeed, but which had never found vent before in such unmistakable fashion. She could no longer look at Lorimer's angry face, and to beg her pardon for his rudeness, his injustice. But she saw the change in his expression, and dreaded another outbreak even less easy to deal with than the first.

So, before he could speak, she laughed lightly, and, drawing the jewel-cases nearer to her and giving them an affectionate pat, she said, "Very noble in me, isn't it, to put up with such nice presents, and to give such a good excuse for keeping them?"

"You're very welcome to them; very welcome to anything I can give you," said Dick, in a more subdued voice, and with traces of penitent, kinder feeling in look and manner. "It's all nonsense that Lorimer told me, about a fear of my money not being my own. It is my own, and Seeley can't touch it—not a penny of it but me!"

He looked up full into his eyes. "I—I'm glad you said that, Carrie—you do!" said he, taken aback.

Oh, I should never believe a word Dr. Folgate said, unless it was backed up very strongly by the word of somebody I trusted more."

He looked at her uneasily.

"Oh, that's your old prejudice," said he. "And it's ungrateful of you to go for the doctor's warm admirer of yours, I can tell you."

"Not in the way I like," said Carrie, sharply.

She was too shrewd a young person not to know exactly how a man of the doctor's stamp would regard her, and how easily he would have penetrated the mask of her being Dick Desborough's sister.

As they remained silent for a moment, she still handling the little jewel-cases, and Dick leaning over the table looking at her, they both became aware at the same time of the approach of the Basing party, who, having found them out, had entered the Kursaal on purpose to give a morning greeting to Dick and his sister.

Lady Basing was most gracious, and as she spoke to Desborough and Carrie, her eyes wandered to the jewel-cases on the table. Dick, always ostentatious, was not sorry for an opportunity of showing off his gifts.

"I've been replenishing my sister's jewel-case this morning," said he, as he took up the ring and handed it to Lady Basing. "Pretty little thing this, isn't it?"

If Lady Basing was effusive, her daughters, Molly and Maude, were positively stiff in their admiration. Only shrewd, quiet Jean said nothing, but looked at Carrie's face rather than at the trinkets.

She could see anything so beautiful in my life," cried Molly, who was the daughter most like Lady Basing. "You have perfect taste, Mr. Desborough."

"I should like to have a brother like you!" cried Maude, who was the beauty of the family, and rather nice as well as rather silly. "Don't you consider yourself a lucky girl, Miss Desborough?"

Carrie laughed and grew pink, as she looked up and answered,—

"Yes, I suppose I do."

"You can't suppose! Well, I should be quite sure if I had a brother who gave me diamonds," retorted Maude. "Why, Dick's nothing," she added, delighted Dick, to whom this simple homage to his powers was enchanting. "I like to see girls well dressed and smart. And if I had a wife I should like her to be the best-dressed woman in the place wherever she went, and to have the handsomest jewellery going!"

As he spoke, he divided his looks equally between Carrie and Maude.

The latter laughed admiringly.

"Then you won't find it very difficult to get a wife, if you want one, that's certain!"

"I'm sure Mr. Desborough would have no difficulty in that respect, even if he were not so generous," said Jean, pleasantly. "There are other qualities besides to be looked for in a husband. Good-humor and cheerfulness, for instance."

"Oh, I can be cheerful enough when I have everything all my own way," said Dick, complacently. "But if you'd seen me half an hour ago, Lady Basing, perhaps you wouldn't have been so complimentary."

"Was he very cross?" said Maude to Carrie. "Was it you who offended him?"

Carrie who felt rather uncomfortable, bit her lip and hesitated.

"Then why go?" said Lorimer, in a strangled voice.

"Because I see it's been all one great mistake, a kind-hearted mistake on your part, an absurd one on mine. We all thought we could defy the conventions, snap our fingers at them, and get on splendidly. Well, you see, we can't. Already our little fiction has been found out."

"Oh, fool Desborough! I suppose Folgate got that out of him last night," growled Lorimer.

"No, it's not one doctor. One of the Basing girls—the quiet one—knows that he's not my brother. I believe she saw it on my face." She paused, and Lorimer uttered an impatient exclamation, then she went on, "After all, I'm a good deal better off than when I came away. I've got my dresses—I'm not going to offend Mr. Desborough by returning those; and I've had a lovely holiday; and I've learnt a lesson that there's more chivalry in the world than I ever thought there was. And I've got two friends whom I shall never forget."

Lorimer was so deeply touched by these last words that he tried in vain to say something in answer; he could not get the words out. They were close to the hotel by this time. "Are you going in?" he asked, shortly.

"Yes, to put things away. To look them up. All but the ring; I shall wear that," she added, with something like defiance.

Lorimer moved impatiently.

"Of course you have a right to do as you please," said he, coldly.

He was very much differed from his usual self, that the girl lingered, sorry she had wounded him, anxious to part friends.

"Well, you see I'm right. I must go back," said she, softly.

Lorimer was silent a moment, then he looked down at her with sudden animation.

"Well, if you're going, if you've made up your mind, will you—will you go to Bruges with me to-day, and see the old town and the celebrated churches? You may as well see all you can, may you not?"

She only hesitated a moment.

"Yes, I'll come; I should like it," said she.

"All right. I'll find out about the trains and let you know."

So, half an hour later, they found their way to the station together, and started for the ancient town.

They had a carriage to themselves, and having made up their minds to be cheerful, and to leave Dick Folgate and poor Dick's fears and all other troubles out of their talk, and as far as possible out of their minds, they bathed in the sunshine of a hot July day, and in each other's pleasant presence, as young man and young maid, fair of form and of mind, hovering on the brink of passion and feeling as yet none of its torments, may and will do.

When they passed the queer old town they found themselves besieged by such a crowd of would-be guides that, to get rid of the rest, they had to engage a quiet lad who in the end proved to be a treasure, for he took them to many a nook and corner of that place which they could never have found out for themselves; to Rubens' house, where the artist's chair is kept as a sacred relic in a big lumber-room, with a sandal floor, and down into strange crypts, and through halls and galleries, gardened and floored with tombstones, and all that remained to them in the end was a confused, blurred memory of pictures and carvings, shadowy corners and sunlight spaces, with the glamor of the presence of the other shining over all.

What they were tired, they sat in a primitive restaurant in the great square, and ate a tough steak in much happiness, in sight of the famous belfry, and the old statues of the square shining in the sun.

And presently a tall Carmelite monk came striding across the open space, with his white cloak flying, and his sandalled feet gliding noiselessly over the stones, for all the world as he monk might have been in the days of dusty centuries; and the two young people watched the stalwart figure, and spoke together at the moving picture he made.

And then Lorimer broke the silence.

"Wouldn't you like to go on like this, seeing the world, and drinking in the pleasure of life, for a hundred years?"

Carrie started a little, and recalled him to commonplace.

"And instead of that," said she, "I must be in my office next morning, begging him to find me something to do, and—"

"Carrie, you can't, you shan't! You must marry me; I'll go back to England with you, and we'll scramble through somehow."

"Well, it's nothing of the sort," said she, pr uptly, but gently enough. "Look here! You don't understand me, but I think I do understand you. In your kindness to me, you're letting yourself be carried away. You're forgetting all your principles of life, all your ideas, all your ambitions. It's nice of you, but I mustn't let you do it. Think of the dreary years before you, in a big, dingy house on the one side and the Insurance-agent on the other; think of the poverty, think of the dulness, think of the drudgery you would have to go through."

"No, no, I can't think of that now," said he, impatiently.

"Then I must think of it for you," said Carrie, firmly. "I must tell you that there's not only you to be considered, but me. "I've been spoilt, you see; it's the work of these few days I've begun to like an easy life, and pretty dresses, and nice things to eat, and leisure and liveliness. Look here, I won't hear of the dingy suburb either, I won't think of it, I say. I'd rather marry Dick Desborough and help him to spend his money."

(To be continued.)

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A 207

Agricultural Progress

A census bulletin shows that the land area of Canada is 1,401,316,388, says the Toronto Globe. The area of occupied farms is 196,887,892, or less than one-tenth of Canada, and nearly one-half of this is described as unimproved. Making all due allowance for land unfit for cultivation, it is evident that the agricultural development of Canada has only just begun. Yet there has been marked progress in recent years. In 1901 the occupied farms were only 63,-422,338 acres, and in 1911 they were 108,868,715 acres. Of the present acreage 49,680,666 are in field crops. The number of occupied farms is 711,950, so that the average size of a farm is nearly two hundred acres. The agricultural population is 4,422,037 and the urban 4,350,000. In 1901 the urban population, instead of being nearly one-half of the whole, was a little more than two millions out of 5,323,967. The home market afforded by the urban centres has grown much faster than the farm population. Yet it cannot be said that the farmers are better satisfied now than twenty years ago.

The value of farm property in 1921 was $6,586,648,126, of which $3,702,-370,009 was in land, $1,282,684,390 in buildings, $665,184,610 in implements, and $836,413,401 in live stock. Field crops in 1920 were valued at $932,807,407, as compared with $384,515,795 in 1910, and animal products at $283,118,628, as compared with $128,967,911. Coming down to details we find that in 1920 there were 236,508,431 bushels of wheat, most of it spring wheat, valued at $374,178,601; 364,989,218 bushels of oats, valued at $180,989,687, and about 15,500,000 tons of forage crops, valued at $222,802,918.

In the Eastern Provinces the acreage during the last twenty years has been almost stationary. In the Prairie Provinces great increases are recorded—Manitoba, from less than nine millions to more than fourteen and a half; Saskatchewan, from less than four millions to forty-four millions; Alberta, from two and three-quarter millions to twenty-nine and a quarter millions.

Saskatchewan now leads in acreage, followed in order by Alberta, Ontario, Quebec and Manitoba. But in farm values Ontario leads with $1,491,686,034. Saskatchewan is second with $1,650,069,196, and Quebec third with $1,096,787,710. Ontario leads also in value of farm products. It is not in behind Saskatchewan in value of field crops, and it is a long way ahead of it in vegetables, fruits, maple syrup and animal products. A comparison in detail may be interesting:

	Ontario.	Saskatchewan.
	Thousands of dollars.	
Forest crops	234,581	249,219
Vegetables	7,113	2,109
Fruits and maple syrup	15,686	4
Forest products .	18,336	1,881
Stock sold alive .	79,974	14,781
Stock slaughtered	19,768	8,752
Animal products .	124,285	23,634

Later statistics show large further increases in the Western production of grain, but the census figures indicate the rapid progress of agriculture in the last two decades.

Teaching the Operators.

Automatic telephones may be on the way, but meantime the human element in telephone operation makes progress. According to The Blue Bell, house organ of the Bell Telephone Company of Canada, instruction in the proper enunciation of words is going on, with a woman teacher, who brings the last sound in distinctness from the operators. They are reminded that "Your voice is you." When speaking face to face the movement of the lips is visible and aids in understanding, but over the wire the sound is everything.

So the young woman at the end of the room is heard making strange sounds, and the class repeats them after her, like this:

"OOt! Oht! Ohg! OOs! OOs! Ohch!"

Then, as if that were not enough test, the class goes over sentences like this, which should be a delight to a youngster just entering the teen and curiosity age:

Should such a shapely sash such shabby stitches show.

She is a thistle sifter and she has a sieve of sifted thistles and a sieve of unsifted thistles because she is a thistle sifter.

Broke His Fall.

Mose Lightfoot, one of the best hod carriers on the job, lost his footing and fell to the street, four stories below.

Mose lit on his head, struck the cement pavement and went through to the basement.

When the foreman went to the basement, expecting to find Mose cold and stiff, he met Mose coming up the steps.

"Great Scott, man, aren't you killed?" he cried.

"No," Mose replied, dusting off his clothes. "I guess dat concrete pavement musta broke mah fall."

DEALING WITH HORSES

What to Do When Your Horses Are Broken-winded

Heaves and Its Symptoms—Treatment Recommended—There Are Two Species of Tapeworms—Preventive Measures Suggested.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

The term Heaves or Broken-Wind, is applied to a condition affecting horses which is manifested by shortness of breath due to the air cells of the lungs becoming over-distended. It is caused in many cases by feeding horses dusty hay, particularly timothy and clover hay. Allowing horses to drink an excessive amount of water after feeding, and just before going to work, and also overloading the stomach with bulky food, always predisposes to the development of heaves, hence the condition is met with most frequently in horses which are groom's delights. Over exertion when the stomach is full is always liable to produce heaves.

Symptoms.

Horses which are affected with heaves usually keep the nostrils dilated or wide open, and have a hurried, wheezing breathing accompanied by a double lifting or jerking of the flanks which becomes intensified and more noticeable by exertion. The particular heaving of the flanks causes a ridge to appear along the lower end of the ribs, which is known as the "heave" line. Another symptom is the presence of a chronic cough, which is more pronounced after feeding or drinking. Broken-winded horses keep their anus relaxed and pass much flatus, or wind, at times.

Treatment.

The essential feature in the treatment of heaves is to alleviate the condition by careful dieting. By reducing the amount of hay or roughage, and feeding chiefly on grain and mashes and limiting the supply of water to the minimum, many badly broken-winded horses may be enabled to do ordinary work. Dusty hay of any kind should not be fed to broken-winded horses, as it will aggravate the symptoms, and so obviate such tendencies as may be found to be relieved. The bowels should be kept regulated by feeding bran mashes, to which may be added a handful of glauber salts, or flax seed meal. Heaves is usually benefited also by giving from one to two tablespoons of Fowler's Solution of Arsenic in the food, or drinking water each morning and evening for a period of two weeks at the time. In many cases broken-winded horses become more serviceable when moved from a damp, muggy climate to a dry one.—Department of Extension, O. A. College, Guelph.

TAPE WORMS.

How to Deal With These Pests When Attacking Horses.

Horses are frequently seen that give little response to liberal feeding and care, continuing unthrifty due to the presence of intestinal parasites. A point often overlooked in the care of animals

Two Species of Tape Worms.

Variable appetite, unthrifty and poor condition, indigestion with periodic attacks of colic, are the common indications of the presence of cestodes, or tape worms. Two species of tape worm infest the intestines of the horse; one, the Tenia Plicata ranges from six inches to three inches in length; the other, Tenia Perfoliata, is from one to two inches long. Both have a segmented body, large, four-sided heads in which are fashioned four round cup-shaped suckers. Their bodies consist of a number of segments or proglottides. The tape worm segment, or joint, is a complete reproductive organization. When ripe, detached and expelled with the contents of the bowels it can be described as a small rectangular body containing eggs. After breaking away the eggs may be shifted or carried from place to place by various agents. Many perish, but a few are able to continue the species by being taken up in food or drink by grazing animals, in the intestines of which, they go through their life cycle and provide for the carrying on of the next generation.

Preventive Measures Suggested.

Preventive measures consist in providing clean fodder and water; the avoidance of all contact with land and ponds contaminated by the droppings of horses. If tape worm is suspected and no qualified veterinary is available for administering treatment, the following dosage can be given: croolin, one-half ounce; oil of turpentine, one and a half ounces; raw linseed oil, one pint; to be given at one dose as a drench, on an empty stomach. The treatment may be repeated at the end of a week or ten days if necessary. Clean fodder and clean drinking water are highly important in keeping the stock healthy and free from intestinal parasites. Drinking from filthy, shallow pools or ponds in which hogs wallow and cattle and horses wade is responsible for considerable trouble, and this trouble does not usually show up until late winter or early spring. A cement watering trough well supplied with clean water, is the best insurance against tape worm in horses.—L. Stevenson, Dept. of Extension, O. A. College, Guelph.

Have a Good Ram.

None of the domestic animals respond to skillful breeding and good care more readily than sheep. It is seldom that a man pays too much for a ram. If you have a good lodge of sheep, take a good sheepman with you and trust to his judgment, and don't be afraid to pay a good price. When through no fault of the ram he can be more readily sold than a scrub, besides the increased value of two or three crops of lambs.

It Depends on the Mule.

Miss Feathers, instructing a class in English, called upon nine-year-old Tommy Wiggins.

"Thomas," she said, "write on the board, 'John can ride the mule if he wants to.'"

That Thomas proceeded to do to the satisfaction of all concerned.

"Now," continued Miss Feathers when Thomas had returned to his place, "can you find a better form for that sentence?"

"Yes, ma'am, I think I can," was the prompt response of Tommy. "John can ride the mule if the mule wants him to."

BECOMES CONVICT POET

Boy of Nineteen, Now Imprisoned, Writes Poetry in Prison.

An extraordinary collection of poems, written by a man who murdered a girl when he was nineteen, has just come to light.

The convict-poet has now been released, and is working in London. His verse was written in three different prisons, and it gives a remarkable insight into the prison attitude of a convicted murderer who, in his boyhood days, had received a good education.

He was sentenced to death, but reprieved.

"In prison I led the life of a dreamer," he declared. "My poems are the result." During the fourteen years that he served before his release came for good conduct, his output of verse was enormous. There is little about it that is morbid, nothing that is rebellious. Mostly he writes about birds, and flowers, and the things of nature.

There is a song, for instance, called "The Stitchwort":—

On a dim green bank in the gloaming,
I sat and dreamed a young heart's dreams;
While the bright blood ebb'd from the day's sweet cheek,
And the bow'd sun gathered his last pale beams.

The still, mild eve the hill-land kissed,
Their chains of dew all delightfully drank;
And the day's last smile shone out brighter than the shade
From the silver-starred stitchwort that dwelt on the bank.

Oh, the stitchwort shone with a soft white ray,
As a sain amongst flow'rists tender and mild.
And her fair eyes looked through the gloaming grey
Like the sweet wide eyes of a cradled child.

There is nothing of prison life, except something describing how he made friends with birds—mainly sparrows—but there are scores of little poems with titles such as "Laughing Girls," "Arcady," "To a Summer Breeze," "Daisy Dimple," and "Summer Hours."

For some time he lived in a Carthusian monastery. "But," he said, "I found it impossible to reconcile my temperament with certain of the principles, and I had to leave." Then he came to London, and for a long time was lattered on a shilling a day. He lived for days on nothing but bread and water. He had learned a trade in prison. A Prisoners' Aid Society provided him with a little money for the purchase of material. Now he has been able to build up a small but steady livelihood.

The boy who at nineteen years of age became a murderer, is now a man, looking out on the world with new eyes, lying by means of his prison-learned trade—and still writing his verse.

Farne Bird Sanctuary.

The Farne Islands, off the northeast coast of Northumberland, England, made famous years ago by the heroism of Grace Darling, have turned into a bird sanctuary. A fund of $12,000 is being raised for that purpose. On the islands and a chapel probably about 1,300 years old, and said to occupy the site of the Oratory of St. Cuthbert. Here he lived for nine years in the seventh century, and after presiding over the See of Lindisfarne for four years returned to the island to die. On the other islands are a few ruins of old graves and traces of monastic buildings. There are two lighthouses, and that at Hawkers Island is the scene of Grace Darling's exploit.

Leave It to the S.-M.

The chaplain was complaining that the men never would turn up to the east for the Creed at the parade service. "You leave that to me, sir," said the sergeant-major. Next Sunday, when the moment came for the Creed to be recited, the whole building resounded with the S.-M.'s stentorian "Shun!" "Now then," said the S.-M., "when the 'oly man says 'I believe,' do nothing. That's purely cautionary. But when 'e comes to the words 'Almighty Father' I want to 'ear one click of the 'eels as the 'ole battalion turns smartly to the east." The chaplain never complained again.

Another Pacific Port.

The Board of Trade of Prince Rupert says that the Northern Pacific port on the Vancouver, is to-day, all the year round, is a terminal of the Transcontinental Railway, which cuts across the wheat belt, and is, therefore, as well located as Vancouver to be an outlet for Western grain. It has no elevator accommodation, and is asking for it. The Edmonton Board of Trade supports the demand. The Bulletin says that, having given assistance to Vancouver in its efforts to obtain equipment for a share of the export business, the Provincial Government and Edmonton are equally bound to help Prince Rupert.

The northern port has practically the same claims to consideration from the grain growers on the Prairies as Vancouver. It has an equally good harbor, the rail rates from Edmonton are the same, and the water rates from Prince Rupert to European markets are the same as those from southern rival. And if any considerable market for Alberta grain is to be found in the Orient Prince Rupert has the advantage of being a day's sail closer to the ports of Japan and China.

It would be to the interest of the grain growers of Alberta and Saskatchewan that there should be two properly equipped grain-handling ports on the Pacific instead of one.

On Suitable Occasions Only.

Among the members of the London golf club is a well-known Harley street specialist. Although an evening-tempered man, he has one pet aversion; he strongly objects to being called "doctor" on every occasion, suitable or not. On the links one morning a fellow-member hailed him across the course with the greeting: "Good morning, doctor!" "Good morning, chartered accountant!" came the sarcastic reply.

Louvain Sends Canada Stones.

In fulfilment of a request from the City of Ottawa, the City of Louvain is sending to Canada stones from the ruins of the Louvain Library and other historic buildings for use in a war memorial to Canadians who fell in France and Belgium.

MOTHER SAVES DAUGHTER'S HEALTH

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Both Mother and Daughter

Ramsden, Saskatchewan.—"My mother had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and when I needed something for my periods I took it and found good results. I recommend it to women with any female troubles and I know other women who have been helped by it and do the same."—Mrs. Alex Rennie, Ramsden, Saskatchewan.

Many cases like this come to our notice. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is often recommended by the mother and the grandmother for the next generation. Why not start helping women for nearly fifty years?

Women Tell Each Other

In your own neighborhood are women who know the value of this wonderful medicine and they talk to one another about it. So if you are troubled with pains and irregularities, backache, nervous and sleepless spells, or have other annoying symptoms caused by some female trouble, you have only to ask some neighbor about the links of your taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

CREAM AND MILK.

Canada Exports Large Quantities of These Commodities.

Canada's exports of cream and fresh milk are considerable, in fact so considerable that they must have a effect on the production of butter, especially in the frontier countries. All these exports go to the United States, and last year their amounts and values were: cream, 1,712,214 gallons, value $2,795,937; milk, 856 039 gallons, value, $189,301 making a total of $2,985,238 for cream and milk sold in what may be called natural state.

Then there are those forms of preserved milk and cream that have come into extensive use in comparatively recent years. One of these is milk powder, of which there were exported last year 3,917,591 pounds having a value of $380,245. Another class comprises condensed, canned or preserved milk, of which the export last year amounted to 26,457,300 pounds, having a value of $2,868,443 making a total of $6,221,926 for milk and cream sent out of the country.

The foregoing figures show that the export trade in condensed or canned milk had already attained large proportions, bringing into the country almost three million dollars a year. It is a widely distributed trade, the names of the countries buying Canadian condensed milk being fairly long one, ranging from that of Great Britain, to South Africa, Hong Kong, Peru, and the Fiji Islands.

During the year, Great Britain was by far the largest buyer, taking Canadian canned or condensed milk to the value of $926,918. The second largest buyer was the United States, taking to the value of $756,929; the Netherlands, $426,818; Cuba, fourth, $269,948; Jamaica fifth $149,632; and Russia sixth, $86,967 Mexico bought to the value of $16,195; Trinidad to the value of $27,693; British Guiana to the value of $31,006; and British South Africa to the value of $42,000. Our condensed milk went far afield.

The total value of all our exports of milk and milk products last year (this, of course, includes butter and cheese), was $35,306,026. As has been seen, the milk and cream in all forms had a value of $6,221,926, or somewhat more than one-sixth of the total.

During the year 1922 there were imported into Great Britain 27,010,-600 pounds of condensed or canned milk, of which more than one-half came from the United States (1,600,009 pounds; Norway, 2,300,000 pounds; Sweden, 1,600,009 pounds; Canada, 1,147,500; Switzerland, 750,000 pounds; and France 741,000 pounds.

Hon. Harrison Andrew McKeown.

Hon. Harrison Andrew McKeown, Chief Justice of the Appeal Division of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, who has been appointed under a Royal Commission to inquire into the circumstances of the failure of the Home Bank of Canada has been well known in the social and political and judicial life of his native Province for many years.

He was born at St. Stephen, N.B. on November 28, 1863, the son of the Rev. Andrew and Elizabeth (Harrison) McKeown, and received his education at the Collegiate school, Fredericton, and Mount Allison University, from which he graduated with the B.A. degree, receiving later the degree of D.C.L. He has also received honorary degrees from Victoria University, Toronto, and King's College University, N.S.

Mr. McKeown was called to the Bar in 1887 and entered K.C. in 1901. He was formerly lecturer in law in King's College University, and received his present appointment in 1909. He was elected to the Legislature of New Brunswick for St. John county in 1899, afterwards becoming Solicitor-General and Attorney-General, respectively.

He has been a member of the Board of Regents of Mount Allison University and was for many years president of the St. John branch of the Alumni Association of the University.

Why She Left.

Aunt Edith is the best-loved woman in Barkerville, for her charity is alike of the hand and heart. Like many other excellent persons, Aunt Edith is not a church member, but she is a regular attendant at the village church, which is so near her cottage as to seem under the same roof.

When, at the close of a recent sermon, the minister requested all those present who had never united with the church to retire at the end of the service, everybody was surprised to see Aunt Edith rise and start down the aisle.

"Aunt Edith," the minister called softly, "that does not apply to you."

"That isn't why I'm going," Aunt Edith returned solemnly; "I smell my dinner burning up."

Centuries-Old Treasure Chest

The thousand of motorists who pass along the road that skirts the shore of Collins Bay, near Kingston, Ont., says A. M. Going in Toronto Star Weekly, have little idea that behind the hill to the east of the Union Church, is buried the massive gold and silver plate of a Quebec church, placed there by a French priest when Gen. Wolfe captured the fortress, until then the stronghold of New France.

The story comes to us from a descendant of Capt. Michael Grass, who led a party of loyal Britishers from the eastern states to Kingston about 1785, and is instinct with the romance that is interwoven in the history of the settlement of Collins Bay by the United Empire Loyalists. On a farm lying to the north of the marshy inlet, now crossed by the Canadian National Railway and the provincial highway, the grandfather of Horace Grass of Collins Bay, who was a cousin of Capt. Grass, settled. While clearing the land he found a square patch of withered grass, and near by, embedded in the earth, a stone on which some Latin words and a arrow pointing to the curious spot of brown grass, were roughly carved.

This strange hiding place was surrounded by a hedge of saplings which had been wound together, the passing years making the protection complete until the woodman's axe revealed it to the settlers.

None of the little band of pioneers were classical scholars, so the inscription remained unread, but the signs of buried treasure were plain, and no doubt the plate would have been discovered if dark stories of the fate of other treasure hunters had not got abroad. It was whispered that the pirates who buried their treasure along the shore of the lake had dread guardians for their hiding places, and the tale was soon believed that these adventurers, who were supposed to have hidden their treasure here, had, according to their custom, brought a boy to the edge of the pit they had dug, asked him if he would guard it faithfully, and as he promised, stabbed him in the back and buried him on top of the chest, his spirit keeping faith with his murderers and destroying those who tried to remove the gold. Stories were told of Collins Bay of men who had tried to find the secret of the strange square patch, how they dug here until they reached the chest, around which was fastened heavy chains hitched to oxen; how the oxen, drawing with might and main, could pull it only to the surface to have it fall back into the hole, drawing them and their masters with it. The women of the Grass family laughed at the men for believing these tales, and said they would dig for the treasure themselves. To make this impossible and to cover the hiding place of (as it is supposed) ill-gotten goods, Mr. Grass cut down the hedge, uprooted the stone, which he used in the chimney of the log house he was building; and, at last, as possible, removed all other traces of the mysterious spot.

Years passed, the farm was cleared, and grass or grain grew over the square of withered grass.

Then one day two agents of a well-known French religious order sailed from France for this little Canadian settlement. They arrived at Collins Bay, found the Grass farm and showed the owner the drawing of the stone with the Latin inscription and the arrow. They told a story of the sacred vessels, candlesticks and valuables belonging to a Quebec church being sent to members of their order stationed at Fort Frontenac, and by them buried at the bay, afterwards named for Deputy-Surveyor Collins.

But time had done its work; the forest had become a fruitful field and the years had remembered the landmarks were dead, and search as they would, the priests were forced to return to France empty-handed.

So to day, when Collins Bay becomes a city or Kingston grows westward sor six miles, men excavating for a basement will find the treasure chest buried centuries ago by the devoted French priests.

Awake, Ottawa!

What will Ottawa do about it? A news bulletin issued by the Alberta Government says that an Alberta man has been decorated with knighthood from the Danish Government. Honors from the British Government are discouraged by resolution of the House of Commons; can foreign Governments distribute them as they please in the country that has thus voiced its disapproval? The announcement from Edmonton says:

"For the second time a prominent Alberta man has been honored with the decoration of knighthood from the Danish Government. The latest is Dan Morkeberg, of Markersville, who has been decorated with the Order of the Dannebrog, a Danish knighthood. Mr. Morkeberg has been a resident of Alberta for some years and was at one time a member of the Legislature. The first man to receive the distinction from the Danish Government was C. Marius Jensen, official Dairy Commissioner, and former Danish Consul in Alberta."

Dry in Worcester.

At the Hotel Windsor in Montreal recently a man, evidently of Scottish descent, was approached by Col. George Hall, famous raconteur, and one of Montreal's leading citizens.

"How is your brother Jock getting along down in Worcester?" asked the colonel. "I should be pretty dry for him down there."

"Dry!" replied Sandy. "Man, he's gone perfect. I've just had a letter from Jock and the postage stamp was stuck on with a pin."

Champion Impostor.

The champion impostor of the world, was the description given a man, who was sentenced to twenty-one months' imprisonment for fraud at the London Sessions. The accused preyed upon people who could illafford to keep him, and after borrowing or stealing everything he could lay his hands on, he would disappear. Deported from Canada as an undesirable and convicted of a large number of frauds, the prisoner served as a British lieutenant during the V.C. and D.S.O. Actually, he has never been in the army.

SANDSTORMS AND CAMELS.

Rosita Forbes Tells Thrilling Story of Travel in Africa.

"A feminist country, this land of the Senussi certainly is not," said Rosita Forbes, in her absorbing recital at the Central technical School, Toronto. "When a man strikes his brother he is fined about $2.50. Let a wife maltreat her husband and she will be slowly strangled."

An amazing picture of this perilous and almost unbelievable journey from Jedabia, in Northern Africa, to the Kufara oases, in the Southern Sahara, was given in Mrs. Forbes' fascinating and intimate style. A valuable and interesting collection of her own snapshots were thrown on the screen. A well-marked map also aided her audience in travelling this strange country with which she is so familiar.

Speaking of the Senussi, she stressed the fact that theirs was a life without pleasure. The daily round was sleeping, eating, fighting, but mostly praying. In their colleges this stern doctrine was instilled into the young boys, who went away flaming with the missionary zeal to spread it abroad.

Through the many weeks of their perilous journey southwards they were regarded with grave suspicion by practically all the tribes which they met. In order to be able to undertake the trip, Mrs. Forbes had to adopt the complete disguise of a Bedouin widow travelling with a band of Moslems. The matter of of this disguise the mere costume was only one consideration. To successfully play the part she had to sleep, eat and almost think like an Arabian woman.

"You know, if you want to masquerade successfully you have to think of every detail. For instance, if you scream out in a nightmare it must be in Arabic—not English."

Upon arriving at Jedabia from Bengazi it was learned that every servant was a spy and to be killed in short order was to be their fate. Hastily, plans were made for a secret departure. At midnight, after the servants had clanged the big red door of the windowless mud hut behind them, a very small party prepared to run away. With such supplies as they could get together they crept out into the dark night. Before leaving finally, Mrs. Forbes had to offer a cup of green tea, with plenty of sugar (and ground opium) to a solicitous brother who called to inquire after their health at midnight.

Impossible to erase from the stark picture drawn of that hard, unflinching desert by this notable woman who is explorer and author combined. To travel for days with but enough water to quench an agonizing thirst, and what little they had was sour and brackish.

"I think sandstorms are the greatest hardship of desert life," said Mrs. Forbes, comparing them to a black, stinging snowstorm. "Get your nose and mouth in the thickest woollen garments you possess, and wait until it subsides."

Of the Valley of the Kafura, which was reached after many close calls of starvation and maddening thirst, this dauntless woman gave a graphic description. A vermilion sunset on the surrounding hills of the redlands of Kafura; the valley, just a depression in the earth surrounded with 12-foot cliffs. In this huge gash in the floor of the earth are five villages and three blue lakes.

Mrs. Forbes tells an interesting story of curing the camels who were suffering from indigestion following their first meal of dates. After much prayer from the Bedouins she decided that something desperate would have to be done. In her medicine chest she found many remedies, which she considered harmless because it was red, and iodine for its nice brown thickness. These she administered to the ailing ones. "They recovered—mainly from shock, I fancy," added Mrs. Forbes.

Grande Prairie Overlooked.

If Parliament desires to check the exodus from the Peace River country, the Brule Lake cut-off northward from the Yellowhead Pass toward Grande Prairie, will authorize the construction of a branch railway for this district. It is on record that during the past four years fifteen thousand people from the Peace River region have abandoned their homesteads, many of them losing the savings of years. Why will find the reasons for the most part, to the United States, whence they came.

They had no fault to find with the land. The Grande Prairie district alone their is a stretch of fertile country 150 miles in length by 50 in breadth capable of providing homesteads for several thousand families and producing millions of bushels yearly of high-grade wheat. Eighty per cent. of the crop of 1923 graded No. 1 Northern.

The district faces disaster because the only way of shipping out grain is by the Canadian & Edmonton line, operated under lease by the C.P.R. When the grain reaches Edmonton, the C.P.R. can charge what they please, it is farther from Vancouver, the natural ocean shipping port, than it was where it was grown. This extraordinary condition will not become by the building of the Brule Lake branch of the National Railway line, already surveyed, and which, it is stated, will be constructed as to avoid any serious river crossings or other natural obstacles.

Marked Increase In Life Insurance.

Figures now available in the Department of Insurance from the annual statements of the companies for the year 1923, show a marked increase in the amount of life insurance in force as compared with the previous year. The gross amount issued was $631,057,726, made up of $519,214,426 ordinary, $9,628,874 industrial, and $16,088,215 group. The total compares with $577,531,-503 for 1922, $577,207,829 for 1921, and $561,775,255 for 1920, the latter year the group business then transacted for the first time in Canada, exceeding $6,736,155, so that, excluding group business the production of business in 1923 comes within 8 per cent. of that of the record year, 1920.

The total business issued is divided into that of Canadian companies, $414,685,603; British, $20,355,156, and foreign, $195,918,968. The total business in force at Dec. 31, 1923, is placed to the extent of $2,187,404,-947 in Canadian companies, $197,-879,001 in British companies, and $1,148,071,506 in foreign companies, the total being $4,533,355,454, which shows an increase of $202,609,043 over the amount in force at the end of 1922.

DAVY & ALLISON

Plumbing, Furnace Work, Tinsmiths.

Hardware, Paints and Oils.

Stoves, and Furnaces.

DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

GIVE US A TRY ! !

We Sell For Less

2 lbs. California Midget Raisins	20c.
3 lbs. Cooking Figs	20c.
3 lbs. Rice for	20c.
6 bars Olive Toilet Soap	25c.
4 bars White Naptha Soap	25c.
2 lbs. Prunes for	20c.
1 lb. Black Tea for	50c.
1 lb. Green Tea for	50c.
1 lb. Fannings for	30c.
Black Pepper, 1 lb.	25c.

Try our Monarch Brand Coffee, fresh ground with every order, 1 lb. 50c.
Shortening, per lb. 16c.

DENISON BROS.,

North Centre St., Napanee.

FRED S. SCOTT

BARBER and TOBACCONIST

John St.

(One door south of Express Office.)

Everything clean and sanitary.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

We carry a full line of pipes, cigarettes and tobacco. Our prices are right

Bring your films to us. 25 years experience at developing and printing. Enlargements made on short notice. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

Government Standard

Field Seeds

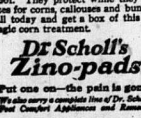
Garden Seeds in Bulk

Flower Seeds

Fertilizers

GEO. E. WINTER, SEEDS

Dundas St. Phone 78.



CORNS

end the pain quickly, *safely*

In one minute you can end the pain of corns with Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads. And end the misery of corns by eliminating the cause, *friction-pressure*. No danger of infection from cutting or corrosive acids.

Zino-pads are *thin;* antiseptic, waterproof. They protect while they heal. Sizes for corns, callouses and bunions. Call today and get a box of this *new,* magic corn treatment.

***Dr Scholl's* Zino-pads**

Put one on—the pain is gone!

We also carry a complete line of Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies

The Haines Shoe Houses

Daly's Good Tea is dependable—When you buy a pound you know with certainty that you will serve a tea rich in flavor and of the proper strength, one that will make the members of your family or your guests exclaim, "What a splendid cup of tea." This famous brand for sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

FOR SALE—17-ft. Motor Boat, in good running order. Just right size for camp and trolling. Speed, 2 to 8 miles per hour. Apply E. L. BEDORE. 32-tf

Screen doors and windows at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Napanee Midgets defeated Trenton in a lacrosse game at the Napanee driving park on Friday evening. Score 10-1.

The members of the local L. O. L. lodges attended divine service in the Church of St. Mary Magdalene on Sunday evening.

Representatives of societies of Napanee met in Council Chamber, and federated under name of Federated Society of Women Supporters of O. T. A.

The ladies of Grace Church will serve dinner in the school-room of the church on July 12th, from 11 a.m., to 1 p.m. Dinner 50c.

On Thursday afternoon four rinks of lady bowlers from the Napanee Ladies' Bowling Club, visited Belleville to play a friendly game with the Ladies of the Belleville Club.

With Du-Ko filling as your aid, You'll find that you are able, To make delicious, wholesome things, To put upon your table."

Your choice of three flavors, Lemon, Chocolate and Maple Cream. For sale by all grocers.

Wolfe Island sprang a surprise and also turned the tables when they defeated Moscow at Yarker on Saturday afternoon with an 11-4 score and evened up the count on their opponents who won decisively at the Island in the last game.

Word was received of the death at his daughter's residence in Peterboro of Albert Huff, aged 65 years. Deceased was well known in Napanee and he leaves to mourn his loss, two daughters, Mrs. F. Hillier, of Peterboro; and Mrs. Joseph Wilson, of Kingston; also three sons, Louis Huff, of Fredericksburgh; Joseph Huff, of Whitby, and John Huff, of Kingston.

Mr. G. P. Carr, manager of the local branch of the Dominion Bank, was taken suddenly quite seriously ill on Sunday at the home of Dr. and Mrs. T. M. Galbraith where Mr. Carr was being entertained at dinner. The sudden attack was from a hemmorage of the brain, and for a number of hours Mr. Carr's life was despaired of, but he is apparently recovering.

"None of us liveth to himself," Rom. 14-7; "Faith is the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen," Heb. 11-1; "Let your moderation be known unto all men," Phil. 4-5; "Teach me to do Thy will, for Thou art my God," Ps. 143-10-2 "Our sufficiency is of God," 2 Cor. 3-5; "Seek ye first the kingdom of God and His righteousness," Mat. 6-33; "Cleanse Thou me from secret faults; keep back Thy servant also from presumptuous sins," Ps. 19: 12-13;

Go with me whither I woul go, Stay with me when I please,
Do for me what I ought to do, Speak Thou what I should say.

A. BIBLE LOVER.

Mrs. Margaret Smith, widow of the late Darius Smith, passed away Wednesday night at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Vanluven, Collin's Bay, in her 103rd year. The late Mrs. Smith, while in poor health for several months retained her remarkable faculties to the end and all her life took a deep interest in municipal and political affairs. She was born on Oct. 18, 1821, and on the occasion of her birthday last year, officiated at the opening of the new diversion at Collin's Bay. The late Mrs. Smith was a staunch Conservative and never failed to register her vote, and at the last Provincial elections in June last, she cast her ballot for A. M. Rankin, being one of the first to go to the polls, and she took a keen delight in the victory of the Conservatives throughout the Province. For years she lived with her daughter, Mrs. T. F. Vanluven, at Collin's Bay. She is survived also by two daughters, Mrs. (Rev.) A. Ferguson, Aultsville, and Mrs. W. L. Grass, Collin's Bay.

MARRIAGES

Hills—Abbott—At Napanee, on Saturday, June 28th, 1924, by Rev. W. R. Tanton, Stephen Hills, of Louisville, Ky., to Irene M. Abbott, of Kingston.

Lewis—Bradshaw—At Grace Methodist parsonage, on Wednesday, July 16th, 1924, by Rev. A. J. Terrill, B.A., B.D., Louis Allan Lewis, of Napanee, to Ruby Marguerite, daughter of D. J. Bradshaw, of Deseronto.

DEATHS

Liddle—At Montreal, on Wednesday, July 2nd, 1924, Mrs. Margaret Josephine Liddle, mother of Mrs. Wm. Dibb, aged 53 years.

Pringle—At the home of her mother, Mrs. R. McGarvey, Newburgh, on June 24th, 1924, Carrie Wilson, wife of Max Pringle.

Paint Up.

Genuine white lead, fresh boiled oil, pure turpentine, glass and putty, also a complete line of colors in Martin-Senour 100 per cent. pure paints and varnishes. It pays to buy the best.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Simplicity, Sincerity and Solidity

are the three characteristics of a granite memorial like this shown in the illustration. Simplicity of nature, sincerity of convictions, solidity of principles and character. Although such a monument may seem crude and unfinished, it is really a touching tribute of esteem.

We make and erect all kinds, Plain or elaborate, at the lowest possible cost.

WM. M. HOWITT,

DUNDAS STREET. NAPANEE, ONT.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Pyke and family, Toronto, are camping at Bogart's.

Mr. H. L. Ming will attend summer school at Queen's University.

Mr. W. W. Cliff, Carleton Place, is the guest of his brother, Mr. Geo. A. Cliff.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Bogart, Mrs. Templeton and Mrs. Symington left on Thursday for a trip to the British Isles and Europe.

Dr. and Mrs. Chas. Wilson, Toronto, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. U. M. Wilson a few days last week.

Mr. P. J. Sherlock and son, Don, Killarney, Man., are visiting Mr. Sherlock's former home at Camden East.

Nurse Coleman, of St. John's Hospital, Toronto, has been spending a short holiday at the Vicarage.

Mr. Walter Bruton, Cambridge, Mass., is visiting his mother, Mrs. Bruton, South Napanee.

Miss Winnie Chinneck, Belleville, was the guest of Mrs. Trumpour a couple of days last week.

Miss Blanche Hawley is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. Richardson Lindsay.

Miss Muriel Shannon left this week on the teacher's excursion to the Pacific Coast. She will also visit her sister, Mrs. Kirby, at Calgary.

Mrs. Katherine Powell and two children, Billy and Mary, left today for Montreal, enroute to Boston to visit relatives.

Miss Rhea Sheridan is attending summer school at Toronto University.

Miss Jessie Mair left this week to join a party of teachers going to England and Europe.

Miss Madelene Stevens has returned from Ottawa after a couple of weeks visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Guess, of Oakville, Mr. Ross Guess, Toronto, and Mr. Harry Guess, New York, were in Napanee last week attending the funeral of their father, the late C. W. Guess.

Miss Jean Webb, Montreal, is the guest of Miss Jessie Dibb.

Rev. and Mrs. W. R. Tanton are occupying Mr. J. E. Robinson's cottage at Sans Souci.

Miss Maud Anderson, Winnipeg, Man., is spending the holidays with her mother, Mrs. Robt. Anderson.

Miss Alice Preston is spending the week in Toronto.

Miss Tillie Waller is visiting Miss Helen Davy at Watercombe.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Grange have gone to Watercombe for the season.

Master Billy Boyle is visiting Master Toddy Davy at Watercombe.

Mrs. A. S. Raymond, Toronto, is renewing acquaintances in Napanee.

Miss Hazel Parks, Oshawa, spent a few days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Okel Parks, Palace Road.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Bartlett, Rochester, N.Y., are guests of his parents at Watercombe.

Miss Ruby Bowen is home from Syracuse, N.Y., for a short time.

Mrs. Geo. Switzer is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Elgin Vannest, Enterprise.

Mrs. Currie and Mrs. Petrie, Fort William, are guests of Mrs. J. B. Henderson at the Kelly Apartments.

Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Hall left this week for their camp at Butternut Bay, near Brockville.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Henderson, Welland, Miss Blanch Henderson and Mrs. Dr. Dalrymple, Fenwick, were guests of Mrs. J. B. Henderson at the Kelly Apartments last week.

Mr. Roy C. Root is in Toronto for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Fenwick Solmes, Toronto, spent the holiday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Solmes.

Mrs. P. T. Manion left last week to join her husband in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Williams (Rev.), and Mrs. Pegg, Rochester, N.Y., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Williams.

Miss A. E. Webb, Los Angeles, Cal., is the guest of Mrs. J. W. Robinson.

Miss Nellie Casey, Troy, N.Y., is visiting her sisters, the Misses Casey, Dundas street.

Mr. Matthew Taylor is spending his holidays in Brampton.

Miss Gertrude Sproule is visiting relatives in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Ashley, Walkerville, were guests of his mother, Mrs. A. S. Ashley, last week.

Mrs. W. H. Johnson, of Cobourg, spent a few days last week the guest of Mrs. C. W. Bowen.

Mrs. G. P. Carr and sons left on Saturday for Muskoka, but Mrs. Carr was called home again on Sunday through the serious illness of Mr. Carr.

Messrs. Jack Wallace and W. S. Herrington left on Sunday to sail for England and the continent.

Misses Jean and Myrtle Russell are spending their holidays with their mother and brother at Baptiste Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Lowry and daughters, who have been visiting his mother, Mrs. Hugh Lowry, and his sister, Mrs. Matt. Shetler, returned to Barberton, Ohio, on Saturday.

The Napanee and Lennox and Addington Old Boys' Reunion will be held in connection with the Napanee Fair during the week of Sept. 8th, 1924.

In the Interest of Accuracy

We have heard what the last witness said," persisted counsel, "and have your evidence is the contrary. Am I to infer that you wish us to throw doubt on her veracity?"

The polite young man waved a deprecating hand.

"Not at all," he replied. "I merely wish to make it clear what a liar I am if she's speaking the truth."—Tit-Bits (London).

We extend a "Cordial Welcome" to all visitors, who are celebrating July 12th in Napanee. Robinson's are commemorating July 12th with a

$2 Day Sale

Our "June Rose Sale" is over. Selling throughout the store was heavy. Naturally, we have many "oddments," "one-of-a-kind," "short lengths" and "broken sizes" left. In order to clear out these remaining lines promptly, we have planned this $2.00 Day Sale. Visitors in town for 12th July celebration can successfully combine pleasure with profit. Check over these various lines that we describe below and see where you can save money on your immediate requirements.

16 GINGHAM DRESSES AT $2.00 EACH

Were as High as $6.25 Regular

These dresses are made from excellent washing materials, in styles that are particularly attractive for girls of 14, 15, 16 and 17 years of age.

Each garment is neatly and becomingly trimmed.

All are being sold less than half-price.

$2

15 PAIRS NEMO CORSETS ON SALE $2.00 EACH

Were Regular $5.00, $6.00 and $7.75 Nos.

Less than half price is the slogan here. These sale numbers must be cleared as styles cannot be duplicated. Every corset is strongly and expertly made.

Look for yur size—Buy and save your Dollars.

$2

CHILDREN'S HATS ARE REDUCED 25 PER CENT.

For hot, sunshiny days, these wide brim straws are particularly good. Come in combination of colors and Buy them when reduced.

$2.00 TEA KETTLES OR PRESERVING KETTLES

Your choice of any large Preserving Kettle or large Tea Kettles for $2.00. Best quality of pure Aluminum, highly finished and absolutely guaranteed. One day only.

$2

HOUSE DRESSES, REGULAR $2.39 STYLES

Marked Down to $2.00 Each

These come in a plain Copen Chambray, and in a style particularly suitable for women's wear. The collar is f checked gingham and is convertible.

Our quantity is limited, you'll need to shop early.

$2

GIRLS' KHAKI CAMP, SPORT BLOOMERS AND MIDDIES

Regular $2.19 and $2.29 for $2.00 per Garment.

The khaki used in these garments is exceptionally fine and is a good washer.

The garments are splendidly styled and well cut.

You'll find them ideal in every particular.

12 HATS–WOMEN' AND MISSES' STYLES

On Sale at $2.00 Each.

These are all trimmed hats in small attractive shapes that are very wearable right now and throughout the summer. Many were worth regularly 3 times our regular sale price.

See them in the Millinery Department.

$2

$2.00 EXTRA OFF REDUCED PRICE ON SUITS, COATS AND DRESSES

During our "June Rose Sale" we gave very startling reductions in our stock of Women's and Misses' Coats, Suits and Silk Dresses. On July 12th you will be able to buy the balance of these garments $2.00 less than our June Rose prices.

ITS your harvest time.

Reap your savings early while assortments are greatest.

KNITTED WOOL SUITS ARE REDUCED $2.00

We have 5 only left. They are in fine wool jersey weave. The skirt has an elastic band. The coat is a four-botton front.

For motoring or travelling you'll find them superb.

Come in shades of Navy, Honeydew and Grey.

$2

ON SUMMER DRESSES $10 AND OVER, YOU'LL FIND A REDUCTION OF $2.00

This reduction will be found in all our fine imported and domestic made dresses in Voile, Cotton, Georgette, Cotton Crepe, Ratine and Broadcloth.

Many really fine styles are still obtainable.

$2

GIRLS' SEPARATE COATS ARE REDUCED25 PER CENT

This reduction enables you to get the finest at the price of the most ordinary. At present we are featuring several splendid garments both in reefers and novelty styles.

LADIES' FANCY STRIPE SILK HOSE

With seam up the back, lisle top, reinforced heels and toes. Colors Black, Suede, Pearl, Sand, Regular $1.25 pair, Sale Price 2 pair $2.00.

$2

LADIES' SWISH RIBB LISLE VESTS

"Only Cut" regular 50c. each, Sale Price 5 for $2.00.

$2

LADIES' LEATHER SHOPPING BAGS

Colors Brown and Grey. Regular $1.29 each, Sale Price 2 for $2.00.

$2

KAYSER SILK GLOVES

With dome fastening at wrist, double finger tips, white only, regular $1.25, $1.50 pair, Sale Price 2 pair $2.00.

$2

$2.00 DAY SPECIALS PROCURABLE IN OUR STAPLE DEPARTMENT

ALL DEPENDABLE GOODS IN THE BEST STANDARD QUALITIES

7 yds., 35c. value. Steel Clad Galateas, in medium and Navy Blues, also some light patterns, for $2.00.

7 yds. Juvenile Cloth, 32 in. wide, in plain Cadet Blue and stripes, regular 35c. values, for $2.00.

2½ yds. Bleached Sheeting, regular 85c., 90c., and 95c. values, for $2.00.

4 yds. Mercerized Plisse Crepe, 30 in. wide, in plain shades of Pink, Mauve, Canary, Sky, also White, regular 60c. value, for $2.00.

5 yds. Indigo Blue and Analine Black Shirting, the best Canadian quality, comes in plain Navy and Black, also White stripes, for $2.00.

$2.50 and $2.75 Table Damasks in all linen, union and mercerized, for $2.00 yard, each.

$2.50 Turkish or All Linen Huckaback Towels, for $2.00 a pair.

10 yds. 36 in. regular 25c. Unbleached Sheeting Cotton, for $2.00.

2 yds. 18 in., $1.25 value, All Linen Old Bleach Huckaback Towelling in plain shades of Rose, Delf Blue and Mauve, also figured and floral patterns in white, for $2.00.

$2

FOUR YARDS FOR $2.00

Choose from rich, colorful Voiles, regular 65 and 75c. yd.
Plain Voiles, regular 65c. per yd.
Plain Ratine, regular 75c. per yd.
Fancy White Voiles, regular 75c. to $1.00 yd.

We present in the above list a tempting assortment of correct summer materials. The plain colors are shown in great variety, while the floral voiles are shown in assorted designs and colorings. We will save you money on this buying proposition.

$2

150 YDS ONLY–NATURAL PONGETTE–3 YDS. FOR $2.00

Rich linen shade, clean even weave, will wash perfectly and very desirable for all kinds of service.

$2

ANOTHER LEADING VOILE VALUE, 3½ YARDS FOR $2.00

These include most of our choice voiles, not only in quality, but designs as well. Medium and dark patterns predominate. Patterns are both block and floral. Regular 85c. and $1.00 yd.

WHAT $2.00 WILL BUY

$2.00 will buy 2 yards best quality Natural Pongee, reg. $1.25 yard.

$2.00 will buy 2 yards plain colored Cotton Broadcloth, reg. $1.25 yard.

$2.00 will buy 2 yards Fancy Crepe for separate blouse, reg. $2.25 yard.

$2.00 will buy 2 yards Floral Colored Ratine, reg. $1.95 yard.

$2.00 will buy 2 yards Fancy White Voile, reg. $1.50 yd.

$2

54 IN. PURE WOOL CREAM CHEVIOT, 2 YDS. FOR $2.00

A pure wool Cream Serge Cheviot, medium weight desirable and suitable for present wear.

$2

REMNANTS AT BIG PRICE REDUCTIONS

Featuring short lengths from the season's best selling materials—wash fabrics in Crepe, Voiles, Ratine—very desirable lengths and choice patterns and colors. Reductions from 1-3 to ½ off regular price.

$2

TWO INTERESTING ITEMS FROM OUR MEN'S SUIT SECTION

SEVENTY SUITS OF TWEED

In popular models—Standards—Form Fitters—Semi-Form—Single and double breasted. Light, dark and medium shades. Checks, stripes and plain colors. Regular value up to $22.50. Special for one day—Seven and one-half two dollar bills—$15.00. Sizes 33 to 44.

FORTY TWEED SUITS

Donegals, Homespuns, etc., in Grey and Fawn mixtures, also dark and medium shades of Brown. Herringbone stripes, plain shades, checks and stripes.. Regular value up to $27.50. Special for one day—Ten two dollar bills—$20.00. Sizes 35 to 46. A good assortment of sport models in this lot.

$2

YOUTHS' AND MEN'S KHAKI TROUSERS

Made from a splendid quality denim. Well tailored in every way, five pockets, loops for belt, cuff bottoms. Sizes 28 to 46 waist. Extra special at $2.00 a pair.

$2

$2.00 PAIR–HIGH GRADE OVER-HAULS–$2.00 PAIR

Reliable makes—Leather Label and Peabody's. Plain black with bib, sizes 40, 42 only. Blue and white stripe with bib, sizes 32, 34, 40, 42, 44 only.

Special price for one day only—$2.00 pair.

$2

2 PRS. FOR $2.00–BOYS' OVER-HAULS–2 PRS. FOR $2.00

Bib Over-hauls in Khaki, Plain Blue and Blue with White stripe. Sizes 24, 26, 28, 30, 32. Our regular $1.25 quality. Special for one day, two pairs for $2.00.

$2

SPECIALS IN OUR MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEPARTMENT FOR $2.00 DAY, JULY 12TH

No. 1—8 dozen Men's Print Shirts, soft double cuffs, sizes 14 to 17. Regular $1.50, Sale Price 2 for $2.00.

This is a real snap for you. All new goods.

No. 2—19 only Men's Sailor Hats, our best quality, regular $3.00, for $2.00 each.

Quality, Service, Value.

THE ROBINSON CO. LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.